

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is amended
5 by changing Sections 1-109, 1-110, 2-101, 4A-102, 4A-103,
6 4A-107, and 4A-108 and by adding Sections 1-102.5, 1-104.3,
7 1-104.4, 1-104.5, 1-105.2, 1-105.3, 1-105.5, 1-105.6, 1-105.7,
8 1-112.5, 1-113.6, 1-113.7, and 3A-50 as follows:

9 (5 ILCS 420/1-102.5 new)

10 Sec. 1-102.5. "Asset" means, for the purposes of Sections
11 4A-102 and 4A-103, an item that is owned and has monetary
12 value. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, assets
13 include, but are not limited to: stocks, bonds, sector mutual
14 funds, sector exchange traded funds, commodity futures,
15 investment real estate, beneficial interests in trusts,
16 business interests, and partnership interests. For the
17 purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, assets do not include:
18 personal residences; personal vehicles; savings or checking
19 accounts; bonds, notes, or securities issued by any branch of
20 federal, state, or local government; Medicare benefits;
21 inheritances or bequests, other than beneficial interests in
22 trusts; diversified funds; annuities; pensions (including
23 government pensions); retirement accounts; college savings

1 plans that are qualified tuition plans; qualified
2 tax-advantaged savings programs that allow individuals to save
3 for disability-related expenses; or tangible personal
4 property.

5 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.3 new)

6 Sec. 1-104.3. "Creditor" means, for the purposes of
7 Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, an individual, organization, or
8 other business entity to whom money or its equivalent is owed,
9 no matter whether that obligation is secured or unsecured,
10 except that if a filer makes a loan to members of his or her
11 family, then that filer does not, by making such a loan, become
12 a creditor of that individual for the purposes of Sections
13 4A-102 and 4A-103 of this Act.

14 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.4 new)

15 Sec. 1-104.4. "Debt" means, for the purposes of Sections
16 4A-102 and 4A-103, any money or monetary obligation owed at
17 any time during the preceding calendar year to an individual,
18 company, or other organization, other than a loan that is from
19 a financial institution, government agency, or business entity
20 and that is granted on terms made available to the general
21 public. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, "debt"
22 includes, but is not limited to: personal loans from friends
23 or business associates, business loans made outside the
24 lender's regular course of business, and loans made at below

1 market rates. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103,
2 "debt" does not include: (i) debts to or from financial
3 institutions or government entities, such as mortgages,
4 student loans, credit card debts, or loans secured by
5 automobiles, household furniture, or appliances, as long as
6 those loans were made on terms available to the general public
7 and do not exceed the purchase price of the items securing
8 them; (ii) debts to or from a political committee registered
9 with the Illinois State Board of Elections or political
10 committees, principal campaign committees, or authorized
11 committees registered with the Federal Election Commission; or
12 (iii) a loan from a member of the filer's family not known by
13 the filer to be registered to lobby under the Lobbyist
14 Registration Act.

15 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.5 new)

16 Sec. 1-104.5. "Diversified funds" means investment
17 products, such as mutual funds, exchange traded funds, or unit
18 investment trusts, that invest in a wide variety of securities
19 across multiple sectors or asset classes. "Diversified funds"
20 does not include sector funds.

21 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.2 new)

22 Sec. 1-105.2. "Economic relationship" means, for the
23 purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, any joint or shared
24 ownership interests in businesses and creditor-debtor

1 relationships with third parties, other than commercial
2 lending institutions, where: (a) the filer is entitled to
3 receive (i) more than 7.5% of the total distributable income,
4 or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor; or
5 (b) the filer together with his or her spouse or minor children
6 is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of
7 the total distributable income, or (ii) an amount in excess of
8 2 times the salary of the Governor.

9 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.3 new)

10 Sec. 1-105.3. "Family" means, for the purposes of Sections
11 4A-102 and 4A-103, a filer's spouse, children, step-children,
12 parents, step-parents, siblings, step-siblings,
13 half-siblings, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandparents,
14 and grandchildren, as well as the parents and grandparents of
15 the filer's spouse, and any person living with the filer.

16 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.5 new)

17 Sec. 1-105.5. "Filer" means, for the purposes of Sections
18 4A-102 and 4A-103, a person required to file a statement of
19 economic interests pursuant to this Act.

20 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.6 new)

21 Sec. 1-105.6. "Income" means, for the purposes of Sections
22 4A-102 and 4A-103, pension income and any income from whatever
23 source derived, required to be reported on the filer's federal

1 income tax return, including, but not limited to: compensation
2 received for services rendered or to be rendered (as required
3 to be reported on any Internal Revenue Service forms,
4 including, but not limited to, Forms W-2, 1099, or K-1);
5 earnings or capital gains from the sale of assets; profit;
6 interest or dividend income from all assets; revenue from
7 leases and rentals, royalties, prizes, awards, or barter;
8 forgiveness of debt; and earnings derived from annuities or
9 trusts other than testamentary trusts. "Income" does not
10 include compensation earned for service in the position that
11 necessitates the filing of the statement of economic
12 interests, or investment or interest returns on items excluded
13 from the definition of "asset", or income from the sale of a
14 personal residence or personal vehicle.

15 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.7 new)

16 Sec. 1-105.7. "Investment real estate" means any real
17 property, other than a filer's personal residences, purchased
18 to produce a profit, whether from income or resale. Investment
19 real estate may be described by the city and state where the
20 real estate is located.

21 (5 ILCS 420/1-109) (from Ch. 127, par. 601-109)

22 Sec. 1-109. "Lobbying" means engaging in activities that
23 require registration under the Lobbyist Registration
24 Act~~promoting or opposing in any manner the passage by the~~

1 ~~General Assembly of any legislative matter affecting the~~
2 ~~interests of any individual, association or corporation as~~
3 ~~distinct from those of the people of the State as a whole.~~

4 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 3401.)

5 (5 ILCS 420/1-110) (from Ch. 127, par. 601-110)

6 Sec. 1-110. "Lobbyist" means an individual who is required
7 to be registered to engage in lobbying activities pursuant to
8 the Lobbyist Registration Act ~~any person required to be~~
9 ~~registered under "An Act concerning lobbying and providing a~~
10 ~~penalty for violation thereof", approved July 10, 1957, as~~
11 ~~amended.~~

12 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 3401.)

13 (5 ILCS 420/1-112.5 new)

14 Sec. 1-112.5. "Personal residence" means, for the purposes
15 of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, a filer's primary home
16 residence and any residential real property held by the filer
17 and used by the filer for residential rather than commercial
18 or income generating purposes.

19 (5 ILCS 420/1-113.6 new)

20 Sec. 1-113.6. "Sector funds" means mutual funds or
21 exchange traded funds invested in a particular industry or
22 business.

1 (5 ILCS 420/1-113.7 new)

2 Sec. 1-113.7. "Spouse" means a party to a marriage, a
3 party to a civil union, or a registered domestic partner.

4 (5 ILCS 420/2-101) (from Ch. 127, par. 602-101)

5 Sec. 2-101. Government official lobbying.

6 (a) No legislator may engage in promoting or opposing in
7 any manner the passage by the General Assembly of any
8 legislative matter affecting the interests of any individual,
9 association, or corporation as distinct from those of the
10 people of the State as a whole lobbying, as that term is
11 defined in Section 1-109, if he or she accepts compensation
12 specifically attributable to such lobbying, other than that
13 provided by law for members of the General Assembly. Nothing
14 in this Section prohibits a legislator from lobbying without
15 compensation.

16 No legislator or executive branch constitutional officer
17 shall engage in compensated lobbying of the governing body of
18 a municipality, county, or township, or an official thereof,
19 on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying entity that is
20 registered to lobby the General Assembly or the executive
21 branch of the State of Illinois.

22 (b) No elected or appointed county executive or
23 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
24 the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the
25 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,

1 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
2 entity that is registered to lobby the county in which the
3 official is elected or appointed.

4 (c) No elected or appointed municipal executive or
5 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
6 the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the
7 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,
8 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
9 entity that is registered to lobby the municipality in which
10 the official is elected or appointed.

11 (d) No elected or appointed township executive or
12 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
13 the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the
14 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,
15 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
16 entity that is registered to lobby the township in which the
17 official is elected or appointed.

18 (e) No elected or appointed municipal executive or
19 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
20 the governing body of a county, municipality, or township, the
21 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,
22 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
23 entity if the person is an elected or appointed municipal
24 executive or legislative official from a municipality exempted
25 by the preemption provision of Section 11.2 of the Lobbyist
26 Registration Act.

1 (f) A violation of this Section shall constitute a Class A
2 misdemeanor.

3 (Source: P.A. 77-2830.)

4 (5 ILCS 420/3A-50 new)

5 Sec. 3A-50. Appointee political activity.

6 (a) No person who is appointed to an affected office
7 shall: (i) serve as an officer of a candidate political
8 committee; or (ii) be a candidate who is designated as the
9 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.

10 (b) A person appointed to an affected office who is either
11 an officer of a candidate political committee or a candidate
12 who is designated as the candidate to be supported by a
13 candidate political committee shall within 30 days after
14 confirmation by the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the
15 candidate political committee; (ii) have his or her name
16 removed as the candidate to be supported by a candidate
17 political committee; (iii) notify the State Board of Elections
18 of the person's intent to convert the candidate political
19 committee to a limited activity committee under Section 9-1.8
20 of the Election Code and complete the transition to a limited
21 activity committee within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv)
22 dissolve the candidate political committee. A person appointed
23 to an affected office who is in violation of this subsection
24 (b) on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
25 General Assembly must come into compliance within 30 days

1 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
2 General Assembly.

3 (c) As used in this Section:

4 "Affected office" means any office in which the appointee
5 receives any form of compensation, other than the
6 reimbursement of expenses, and whose appointment requires
7 advice and consent of the Senate.

8 "Candidate political committee" has the meaning given to
9 that term in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code in which the
10 person subject to confirmation by the Senate is designated as
11 the candidate to be supported by the candidate political
12 committee under Section 9-2 of the Code.

13 (5 ILCS 420/4A-102) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-102)

14 Sec. 4A-102. The statement of economic interests required
15 by this Article shall include the economic interests of the
16 person making the statement as provided in this Section.

17 (a) The interest (if constructively controlled by the
18 person making the statement) of a spouse or any other party,
19 shall be considered to be the same as the interest of the
20 person making the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be
21 included in this statement. The following interests shall be
22 listed by all persons required to file:

23 (1) each asset that has a value of more than \$10,000 as
24 of the end of the preceding calendar year and is: (i) held
25 in the filer's name, (ii) held jointly by the filer with

1 his or her spouse, or (iii) held jointly by the filer with
2 his or her minor child or children. For a beneficial
3 interest in a trust, the value is based on the total value
4 of the assets either subject to the beneficial interest,
5 or from which income is to be derived for the benefit of
6 the beneficial interest, regardless of whether any
7 distributions have been made for the benefit of the
8 beneficial interest;

9 (2) excluding the income from the position that
10 requires the filing of a statement of economic interests
11 under this Act, each source of income in excess of \$7,500
12 during the preceding calendar year (as required to be
13 reported on the filer's federal income tax return covering
14 the preceding calendar year) for the filer and his or her
15 spouse and, if the sale or transfer of an asset produced
16 more than \$7,500 in capital gains during the preceding
17 calendar year, the transaction date on which that asset
18 was sold or transferred;

19 (3) each creditor of a debt in excess of \$10,000 that,
20 during the preceding calendar year, was: (i) owed by the
21 filer, (ii) owed jointly by the filer with his or her
22 spouse or (iii) owed jointly by the filer with his or her
23 minor child or children;

24 (4) the name of each unit of government of which the
25 filer or his or her spouse was an employee, contractor, or
26 office holder during the preceding calendar year other

1 than the unit or units of government in relation to which
2 the person is required to file and the title of the
3 position or nature of the contractual services;

4 (5) each person known to the filer to be registered as
5 a lobbyist with any unit of government in the State of
6 Illinois: (i) with whom the filer maintains an economic
7 relationship, or (ii) who is a member of the filer's
8 family; and

9 (6) each source and type of gift or gifts, or
10 honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate
11 in excess of \$500 that was received during the preceding
12 calendar year, excluding any gift or gifts from a member
13 of the filer's family that was not known to the filer to be
14 registered as a lobbyist with any unit of government in
15 the State of Illinois.

16 For the purposes of this Section, the unit of local
17 government in relation to which a person is required to file
18 under item (e) of Section 4A-101.5 shall be the unit of local
19 government that contributes to the pension fund of which such
20 person is a member of the board.

21 (b) Beginning December 1, 2025, and for every 5 years
22 thereafter, the Secretary of State shall adjust the amounts
23 specified under this Section that prompt disclosure under this
24 Act for purposes of inflation as determined by the Consumer
25 Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United
26 States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100.

1 The Secretary shall publish this information on the official
2 website of the Secretary of State, and make changes to the
3 statement of economic interests form to be completed for the
4 following year.

5 (c) The Secretary of State shall develop and make publicly
6 available on his or her website written guidance relating to
7 the completion and filing of the statement of economic
8 interests upon which a filer may reasonably and in good faith
9 rely.

10 ~~The interest (if constructively controlled by the person~~
11 ~~making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be~~
12 ~~considered to be the same as the interest of the person making~~
13 ~~the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be included in this~~
14 ~~statement.~~

15 ~~(a) The following interests shall be listed by all~~
16 ~~persons required to file:~~

17 ~~(1) The name, address and type of practice of any~~
18 ~~professional organization or individual professional~~
19 ~~practice in which the person making the statement was~~
20 ~~an officer, director, associate, partner or~~
21 ~~proprietor, or served in any advisory capacity, from~~
22 ~~which income in excess of \$1200 was derived during the~~
23 ~~preceding calendar year;~~

24 ~~(2) The nature of professional services (other~~
25 ~~than services rendered to the unit or units of~~
26 ~~government in relation to which the person is required~~

1 ~~to file) and the nature of the entity to which they~~
2 ~~were rendered if fees exceeding \$5,000 were received~~
3 ~~during the preceding calendar year from the entity for~~
4 ~~professional services rendered by the person making~~
5 ~~the statement.~~

6 ~~(3) The identity (including the address or legal~~
7 ~~description of real estate) of any capital asset from~~
8 ~~which a capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized in~~
9 ~~the preceding calendar year.~~

10 ~~(4) The name of any unit of government which has~~
11 ~~employed the person making the statement during the~~
12 ~~preceding calendar year other than the unit or units~~
13 ~~of government in relation to which the person is~~
14 ~~required to file.~~

15 ~~(5) The name of any entity from which a gift or~~
16 ~~gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in~~
17 ~~the aggregate in excess of \$500, was received during~~
18 ~~the preceding calendar year.~~

19 ~~(b) The following interests shall also be listed by~~
20 ~~persons listed in items (a) through (f), item (l), item~~
21 ~~(n), and item (p) of Section 4A-101:~~

22 ~~(1) The name and instrument of ownership in any~~
23 ~~entity doing business in the State of Illinois, in~~
24 ~~which an ownership interest held by the person at the~~
25 ~~date of filing is in excess of \$5,000 fair market value~~
26 ~~or from which dividends of in excess of \$1,200 were~~

1 ~~derived during the preceding calendar year. (In the~~
2 ~~case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed~~
3 ~~by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
4 ~~description). No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
5 ~~institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed;~~

6 ~~(2) Except for professional service entities, the~~
7 ~~name of any entity and any position held therein from~~
8 ~~which income of in excess of \$1,200 was derived during~~
9 ~~the preceding calendar year, if the entity does~~
10 ~~business in the State of Illinois. No time or demand~~
11 ~~deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt~~
12 ~~instrument need be listed.~~

13 ~~(3) The identity of any compensated lobbyist with~~
14 ~~whom the person making the statement maintains a close~~
15 ~~economic association, including the name of the~~
16 ~~lobbyist and specifying the legislative matter or~~
17 ~~matters which are the object of the lobbying activity,~~
18 ~~and describing the general type of economic activity~~
19 ~~of the client or principal on whose behalf that person~~
20 ~~is lobbying.~~

21 ~~(c) The following interests shall also be listed by~~
22 ~~persons listed in items (a) through (c) and item (c) of~~
23 ~~Section 4A-101.5:~~

24 ~~(1) The name and instrument of ownership in any~~
25 ~~entity doing business with a unit of local government~~
26 ~~in relation to which the person is required to file if~~

1 ~~the ownership interest of the person filing is greater~~
2 ~~than \$5,000 fair market value as of the date of filing~~
3 ~~or if dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received from~~
4 ~~the entity during the preceding calendar year. (In the~~
5 ~~case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed~~
6 ~~by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
7 ~~description). No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
8 ~~institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.~~

9 ~~(2) Except for professional service entities, the~~
10 ~~name of any entity and any position held therein from~~
11 ~~which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during~~
12 ~~the preceding calendar year if the entity does~~
13 ~~business with a unit of local government in relation~~
14 ~~to which the person is required to file. No time or~~
15 ~~demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any~~
16 ~~debt instrument need be listed.~~

17 ~~(3) The name of any entity and the nature of the~~
18 ~~governmental action requested by any entity which has~~
19 ~~applied to a unit of local government in relation to~~
20 ~~which the person must file for any license, franchise~~
21 ~~or permit for annexation, zoning or rezoning of real~~
22 ~~estate during the preceding calendar year if the~~
23 ~~ownership interest of the person filing is in excess~~
24 ~~of \$5,000 fair market value at the time of filing or if~~
25 ~~income or dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received~~
26 ~~by the person filing from the entity during the~~

1 ~~preceding calendar year.~~

2 ~~For the purposes of this Section, the unit of local~~
3 ~~government in relation to which a person required to file~~
4 ~~under item (c) of Section 4A-101.5 shall be the unit of local~~
5 ~~government that contributes to the pension fund of which such~~
6 ~~person is a member of the board.~~

7 (Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)

8 (5 ILCS 420/4A-103) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-103)

9 Sec. 4A-103. The statement of economic interests required
10 by this Article to be filed with the Secretary of State or
11 county clerk shall be ~~filled in by typewriting or hand~~
12 ~~printing, shall be~~ verified, dated, and signed by the person
13 making the statement and shall contain substantially the
14 following:

15 STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS

16 INSTRUCTIONS:

17 You may find the following documents helpful to you in
18 completing this form:

19 (1) federal income tax returns, including any related
20 schedules, attachments, and forms; and

21 (2) investment and brokerage statements.

22 To complete this form, you do not need to disclose
23 specific amounts or values or report interests relating either

1 to political committees registered with the Illinois State
2 Board of Elections or to political committees, principal
3 campaign committees, or authorized committees registered with
4 the Federal Election Commission.

5 The information you disclose will be available to the
6 public.

7 You must answer all 6 questions. Certain questions will
8 ask you to report any applicable assets or debts held in, or
9 payable to, your name; held jointly by, or payable to, you with
10 your spouse; or held jointly by, or payable to, you with your
11 minor child. If you have any concerns about whether an
12 interest should be reported, please consult your department's
13 ethics officer, if applicable.

14 Please ensure that the information you provide is complete
15 and accurate. If you need more space than the form allows,
16 please attach additional pages for your response. If you are
17 subject to the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, your
18 ethics officer must review your statement of economic
19 interests before you file it. Failure to complete the
20 statement in good faith and within the prescribed deadline may
21 subject you to fines, imprisonment, or both.

22 BASIC INFORMATION:

23 Name:.....

24 Job title:

25 Office, department, or agency that requires you to file this

1 form:.....
 2 Other offices, departments, or agencies that require you to
 3 file a Statement of Economic Interests form:
 4 Full mailing address:.....
 5 Preferred e-mail address (optional):

6 QUESTIONS:

7 1. If you have any single asset that was worth more than
 8 \$10,000 as of the end of the preceding calendar year and is
 9 held in, or payable to, your name, held jointly by, or payable
 10 to, you with your spouse, or held jointly by, or payable to,
 11 you with your minor child, list such assets below. In the case
 12 of investment real estate, list the city and state where the
 13 investment real estate is located. If you do not have any such
 14 assets, list "none" below.

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20 2. Excluding the position for which you are required to
 21 file this form, list the source of any income in excess of
 22 \$7,500 required to be reported during the preceding calendar
 23 year. If you sold an asset that produced more than \$7,500 in
 24 capital gains in the preceding calendar year, list the name of
 25 the asset and the transaction date on which the sale or

1 transfer took place. If you had no such sources of income or
2 assets, list "none" below.

3 <u>Source of Income / Name of</u>	<u>Date Sold (if applicable)</u>
4 <u>Asset</u>	
5
6
7

8 3. Excluding debts incurred on terms available to the
9 general public, such as mortgages, student loans, and credit
10 card debts, if you owed any single debt in the preceding
11 calendar year exceeding \$10,000, list the creditor of the debt
12 below. If you had no such debts, list "none" below.

13 List the creditor for all applicable debts owed by you,
14 owed jointly by you with your spouse, or owed jointly by you
15 with your minor child. In addition to the types of debts listed
16 above, you do not need to report any debts to or from financial
17 institutions or government agencies, such as debts secured by
18 automobiles, household furniture or appliances, as long as the
19 debt was made on terms available to the general public, debts
20 to members of your family, or debts to or from a political
21 committee registered with the Illinois State Board of
22 Elections or any political committee, principal campaign
23 committee, or authorized committee registered with the Federal
24 Election Commission.

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4 4. List the name of each unit of government of which you or
 5 your spouse were an employee, contractor, or office holder
 6 during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or
 7 units of government in relation to which the person is
 8 required to file and the title of the position or nature of the
 9 contractual services.

<u>Name of Unit of Government</u>	<u>Title or Nature of Services</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>

14 5. If you maintain an economic relationship with a
 15 lobbyist or if a member of your family is known to you to be a
 16 lobbyist registered with any unit of government in the State
 17 of Illinois, list the name of the lobbyist below and identify
 18 the nature of your relationship with the lobbyist. If you do
 19 not have an economic relationship with a lobbyist or a family
 20 member known to you to be a lobbyist registered with any unit
 21 of government in the State of Illinois, list "none" below.

<u>Name of Lobbyist</u>	<u>Relationship to Filer</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>

1

2 6. List the name of each person, organization, or entity
3 that was the source of a gift or gifts, or honorarium or
4 honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate in excess of \$500
5 received during the preceding calendar year and the type of
6 gift or gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, excluding any gift
7 or gifts from a member of your family that was not known to be
8 a lobbyist registered with any unit of government in the State
9 of Illinois. If you had no such gifts, list "none" below.

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12

13 VERIFICATION:

14 "I declare that this statement of economic interests
15 (including any attachments) has been examined by me and to the
16 best of my knowledge and belief is a true, correct and complete
17 statement of my economic interests as required by the Illinois
18 Governmental Ethics Act. I understand that the penalty for
19 willfully filing a false or incomplete statement is a fine not
20 to exceed \$2,500 or imprisonment in a penal institution other
21 than the penitentiary not to exceed one year, or both fine and
22 imprisonment."

23 Printed Name of Filer:

24 Date:.....

25 Signature:

1 If this statement of economic interests requires ethics
2 officer review prior to filing, the applicable ethics officer
3 must complete the following:

4 CERTIFICATION OF ETHICS OFFICER REVIEW:

5 "In accordance with law, as Ethics Officer, I reviewed
6 this statement of economic interests prior to its filing."

7 Printed Name of Ethics Officer:

8 Date:.....

9 Signature:

10 Preferred e-mail address (optional):

11 ~~STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTEREST~~

12 ~~(TYPE OR HAND PRINT)~~

13 ~~.....~~
14 ~~(name)~~

15 ~~.....~~
16 ~~(each office or position of employment for which this~~
17 ~~statement is filed)~~

18 ~~.....~~
19 ~~(full mailing address)~~

20 ~~GENERAL DIRECTIONS:~~

21 ~~The interest (if constructively controlled by the person~~
22 ~~making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be~~
23 ~~considered to be the same as the interest of the person making~~

1 ~~the statement.~~

2 ~~Campaign receipts shall not be included in this statement.~~

3 ~~If additional space is needed, please attach supplemental~~
4 ~~listing.~~

5 ~~1. List the name and instrument of ownership in any entity~~
6 ~~doing business in the State of Illinois, in which the~~
7 ~~ownership interest held by the person at the date of filing is~~
8 ~~in excess of \$5,000 fair market value or from which dividends~~
9 ~~in excess of \$1,200 were derived during the preceding calendar~~
10 ~~year. (In the case of real estate, location thereof shall be~~
11 ~~listed by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
12 ~~description.) No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
13 ~~institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.~~

14 Business Entity	Instrument of Ownership
15
16
17
18

19 ~~2. List the name, address and type of practice of any~~
20 ~~professional organization in which the person making the~~
21 ~~statement was an officer, director, associate, partner or~~
22 ~~proprietor or served in any advisory capacity, from which~~
23 ~~income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during the preceding~~
24 ~~calendar year.~~

25 Name	Address	Type of Practice
26

1
.....

2
.....

3 ~~3. List the nature of professional services rendered~~
4 ~~(other than to the State of Illinois) to each entity from which~~
5 ~~income exceeding \$5,000 was received for professional services~~
6 ~~rendered during the preceding calendar year by the person~~
7 ~~making the statement.~~

8
.....

9
.....

10 ~~4. List the identity (including the address or legal~~
11 ~~description of real estate) of any capital asset from which a~~
12 ~~capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized during the~~
13 ~~preceding calendar year.~~

14
.....

15
.....

16 ~~5. List the identity of any compensated lobbyist with whom~~
17 ~~the person making the statement maintains a close economic~~
18 ~~association, including the name of the lobbyist and specifying~~
19 ~~the legislative matter or matters which are the object of the~~
20 ~~lobbying activity, and describing the general type of economic~~
21 ~~activity of the client or principal on whose behalf that~~
22 ~~person is lobbying.~~

23	Lobbyist	Legislative Matter	Client or Principal
24
25

26 ~~6. List the name of any entity doing business in the State~~

1 ~~of Illinois from which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived~~
 2 ~~during the preceding calendar year other than for professional~~
 3 ~~services and the title or description of any position held in~~
 4 ~~that entity. (In the case of real estate, location thereof~~
 5 ~~shall be listed by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
 6 ~~description). No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
 7 ~~institution nor any debt instrument need be listed.~~

8 Entity	Position Held
9
10
11

12 ~~7. List the name of any unit of government which employed~~
 13 ~~the person making the statement during the preceding calendar~~
 14 ~~year other than the unit or units of government in relation to~~
 15 ~~which the person is required to file.~~

16

17

18 ~~8. List the name of any entity from which a gift or gifts,~~
 19 ~~or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate~~
 20 ~~in excess of \$500, was received during the preceding calendar~~
 21 ~~year.~~

22

23 VERIFICATION:

24 ~~"I declare that this statement of economic interests~~
 25 ~~(including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been~~
 26 ~~examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief is a~~

1 ~~true, correct and complete statement of my economic interests~~
 2 ~~as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. I~~
 3 ~~understand that the penalty for willfully filing a false or~~
 4 ~~incomplete statement shall be a fine not to exceed \$1,000 or~~
 5 ~~imprisonment in a penal institution other than the~~
 6 ~~penitentiary not to exceed one year, or both fine and~~
 7 ~~imprisonment."~~

8 ~~.....~~ ~~.....~~

9 ~~(date of filing)~~ ~~(signature of person making the statement)~~

10 (Source: P.A. 95-173, eff. 1-1-08.)

11 (5 ILCS 420/4A-107) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-107)

12 Sec. 4A-107. Any person required to file a statement of
 13 economic interests under this Article who willfully files a
 14 false or incomplete statement shall be guilty of a Class A
 15 misdemeanor; provided, a filer's statement made in reasonable,
 16 good faith reliance on the guidance provided by the Secretary
 17 of State pursuant to Section 4A-102 or his or her ethics
 18 officer shall not constitute a willful false or incomplete
 19 statement.

20 Except when the fees and penalties for late filing have
 21 been waived under Section 4A-105, failure to file a statement
 22 within the time prescribed shall result in ineligibility for,
 23 or forfeiture of, office or position of employment, as the
 24 case may be; provided, however, that if the notice of failure
 25 to file a statement of economic interests provided in Section

1 4A-105 of this Act is not given by the Secretary of State or
2 the county clerk, as the case may be, no forfeiture shall
3 result if a statement is filed within 30 days of actual notice
4 of the failure to file. The Secretary of State shall provide
5 the Attorney General with the names of persons who failed to
6 file a statement. The county clerk shall provide the State's
7 Attorney of the county of the entity for which the filing of
8 statement of economic interest is required with the name of
9 persons who failed to file a statement.

10 The Attorney General, with respect to offices or positions
11 described in items (a) through (f) and items (j), (l), (n), and
12 (p) of Section 4A-101 of this Act, or the State's Attorney of
13 the county of the entity for which the filing of statements of
14 economic interests is required, with respect to offices or
15 positions described in items (a) through (e) of Section
16 4A-101.5, shall bring an action in quo warranto against any
17 person who has failed to file by either May 31 or June 30 of
18 any given year and for whom the fees and penalties for late
19 filing have not been waived under Section 4A-105.

20 (Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)

21 (5 ILCS 420/4A-108)

22 Sec. 4A-108. Internet-based systems of filing.

23 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any
24 other law, the Secretary of State and county clerks are
25 authorized to institute an Internet-based system for the

1 filing of statements of economic interests in their offices.
2 With respect to county clerk systems, the determination to
3 institute such a system shall be in the sole discretion of the
4 county clerk and shall meet the requirements set out in this
5 Section. With respect to a Secretary of State system, the
6 determination to institute such a system shall be in the sole
7 discretion of the Secretary of State and shall meet the
8 requirements set out in this Section and those Sections of the
9 State Officials and Employees Ethics Act requiring ethics
10 officer review prior to filing. The system shall be capable of
11 allowing an ethics officer to approve a statement of economic
12 interests and shall include a means to amend a statement of
13 economic interests. When this Section does not modify or
14 remove the requirements set forth elsewhere in this Article,
15 those requirements shall apply to any system of Internet-based
16 filing authorized by this Section. When this Section does
17 modify or remove the requirements set forth elsewhere in this
18 Article, the provisions of this Section shall apply to any
19 system of Internet-based filing authorized by this Section.

20 (b) In any system of Internet-based filing of statements
21 of economic interests instituted by the Secretary of State or
22 a county clerk:

23 (1) Any filing of an Internet-based statement of
24 economic interests shall be the equivalent of the filing
25 of a verified, written statement of economic interests as
26 required by Section 4A-101 or 4A-101.5 and the equivalent

1 of the filing of a verified, dated, and signed statement
2 of economic interests as required by Section 4A-103
3 ~~4A-104~~.

4 (2) The Secretary of State and county clerks who
5 institute a system of Internet-based filing of statements
6 of economic interests shall establish a password-protected
7 website to receive the filings of such statements. A
8 website established under this Section shall set forth and
9 provide a means of responding to the items set forth in
10 Section 4A-103 ~~4A-102~~ that are required of a person who
11 files a statement of economic interests with that officer.
12 A website established under this Section shall set forth
13 and provide a means of generating a printable receipt page
14 acknowledging filing.

15 (3) The times for the filing of statements of economic
16 interests set forth in Section 4A-105 shall be followed in
17 any system of Internet-based filing of statements of
18 economic interests; provided that a candidate for elective
19 office who is required to file a statement of economic
20 interests in relation to his or her candidacy pursuant to
21 Section 4A-105(a) shall receive a written or printed
22 receipt for his or her filing.

23 A candidate filing for Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
24 Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer,
25 Comptroller, State Senate, ~~or~~ State House of
26 Representatives, Supreme Court Justice, appellate court

1 judge, circuit court judge, or judicial retention shall
2 not use the Internet to file his or her statement of
3 economic interests, but shall file his or her statement of
4 economic interests in a written or printed form and shall
5 receive a written or printed receipt for his or her
6 filing. Annually, the duly appointed ethics officer for
7 each legislative caucus shall certify to the Secretary of
8 State whether his or her caucus members will file their
9 statements of economic interests electronically or in a
10 written or printed format for that year. If the ethics
11 officer for a caucus certifies that the statements of
12 economic interests shall be written or printed, then
13 members of the General Assembly of that caucus shall not
14 use the Internet to file his or her statement of economic
15 interests, but shall file his or her statement of economic
16 interests in a written or printed form and shall receive a
17 written or printed receipt for his or her filing. If no
18 certification is made by an ethics officer for a
19 legislative caucus, or if a member of the General Assembly
20 is not affiliated with a legislative caucus, then the
21 affected member or members of the General Assembly may
22 file their statements of economic interests using the
23 Internet.

24 (4) In the first year of the implementation of a
25 system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic
26 interests, each person required to file such a statement

1 is to be notified in writing of his or her obligation to
2 file his or her statement of economic interests by way of
3 the Internet-based system. If access to the website ~~web~~
4 ~~site~~ requires a code or password, this information shall
5 be included in the notice prescribed by this paragraph.

6 (5) When a person required to file a statement of
7 economic interests has supplied the Secretary of State or
8 a county clerk, as applicable, with an email address for
9 the purpose of receiving notices under this Article by
10 email, a notice sent by email to the supplied email
11 address shall be the equivalent of a notice sent by first
12 class mail, as set forth in Section 4A-106 or 4A-106.5. A
13 person who has supplied such an email address shall notify
14 the Secretary of State or county clerk, as applicable,
15 when his or her email address changes or if he or she no
16 longer wishes to receive notices by email.

17 (6) If any person who is required to file a statement
18 of economic interests and who has chosen to receive
19 notices by email fails to file his or her statement by May
20 10, then the Secretary of State or county clerk, as
21 applicable, shall send an additional email notice on that
22 date, informing the person that he or she has not filed and
23 describing the penalties for late filing and failing to
24 file. This notice shall be in addition to other notices
25 provided for in this Article.

26 (7) The Secretary of State and each county clerk who

1 institutes a system of Internet-based filing of statements
2 of economic interests may also institute an Internet-based
3 process for the filing of the list of names and addresses
4 of persons required to file statements of economic
5 interests by the chief administrative officers that must
6 file such information with the Secretary of State or
7 county clerk, as applicable, pursuant to Section 4A-106 or
8 4A-106.5. Whenever the Secretary of State or a county
9 clerk institutes such a system under this paragraph, every
10 chief administrative officer must use the system to file
11 this information.

12 (8) The Secretary of State and any county clerk who
13 institutes a system of Internet-based filing of statements
14 of economic interests shall post the contents of such
15 statements filed with him or her available for inspection
16 and copying on a publicly accessible website. Such
17 postings shall not include the addresses or signatures of
18 the filers.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-1041, eff. 1-1-19; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19;
20 revised 9-12-19.)

21 (5 ILCS 420/4A-104 rep.)

22 Section 10. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is
23 amended by repealing Section 4A-104 on January 1, 2022.

24 Section 15. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act

1 is amended by changing Sections 5-40, 5-45, 20-20, 20-95,
2 25-5, 25-10, 25-15, 25-20, and 25-85 as follows:

3 (5 ILCS 430/5-40)

4 Sec. 5-40. Fundraising during session ~~in Sangamon County~~.

5 Except as provided in this Section, any executive branch
6 constitutional officer, any candidate for an executive branch
7 constitutional office, any member of the General Assembly, any
8 candidate for the General Assembly, any political caucus of
9 the General Assembly, or any political committee on behalf of
10 any of the foregoing may not hold a political fundraising
11 function ~~in Sangamon County~~ on any day the legislature is in
12 session or the day immediately prior to such day. This Section
13 does not apply to a political fundraising function scheduled
14 at least 14 days in advance of a day the legislature is in
15 special session or the day immediately prior to such day ~~(i)~~
16 ~~during the period beginning February 1 and ending on the later~~
17 ~~of the actual adjournment dates of either house of the spring~~
18 ~~session and (ii) during fall veto session~~. For purposes of
19 this Section, the legislature is not considered to be in
20 session on a day that is solely a perfunctory session day or on
21 a day when only a committee is meeting.

22 ~~During the period beginning June 1 and ending on the first~~
23 ~~day of fall veto session each year, this Section does not apply~~
24 ~~to (i) a member of the General Assembly whose legislative or~~
25 ~~representative district is entirely within Sangamon County or~~

1 ~~(ii) a candidate for the General Assembly from that~~
2 ~~legislative or representative district.~~

3 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09.)

4 (5 ILCS 430/5-45)

5 Sec. 5-45. Procurement; revolving door prohibition.

6 (a) No former officer, member, or State employee, or
7 spouse or immediate family member living with such person,
8 shall, within a period of one year immediately after
9 termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment
10 or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or
11 entity if the officer, member, or State employee, during the
12 year immediately preceding termination of State employment,
13 participated personally and substantially in the award or
14 fiscal administration of State contracts, or the issuance of
15 State contract change orders, with a cumulative value of
16 \$25,000 or more to the person or entity, or its parent or
17 subsidiary.

18 (a-5) No officer, member, or spouse or immediate family
19 member living with such person shall, during the officer or
20 member's term in office or within a period of 2 years
21 immediately leaving office, hold an ownership interest, other
22 than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any
23 gaming license under the Illinois Gambling Act, the Video
24 Gaming Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, or the
25 Sports Wagering Act. Any member of the General Assembly or

1 spouse or immediate family member living with such person who
2 has an ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a
3 publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the
4 Illinois Gambling Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975,
5 the Video Gaming Act, or the Sports Wagering Act at the time of
6 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General
7 Assembly shall divest himself or herself of such ownership
8 within one year after the effective date of this amendatory
9 Act of the 101st General Assembly. No State employee who works
10 for the Illinois Gaming Board or Illinois Racing Board or
11 spouse or immediate family member living with such person
12 shall, during State employment or within a period of 2 years
13 immediately after termination of State employment, hold an
14 ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a
15 publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the
16 Illinois Gambling Act, the Video Gaming Act, the Illinois
17 Horse Racing Act of 1975, or the Sports Wagering Act.

18 (a-10) This subsection (a-10) applies on and after June
19 25, 2021. No officer, member, or spouse or immediate family
20 member living with such person, shall, during the officer or
21 member's term in office or within a period of 2 years
22 immediately after leaving office, hold an ownership interest,
23 other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in
24 any cannabis business establishment which is licensed under
25 the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. Any member of the General
26 Assembly or spouse or immediate family member living with such

1 person who has an ownership interest, other than a passive
2 interest in a publicly traded company, in any cannabis
3 business establishment which is licensed under the Cannabis
4 Regulation and Tax Act at the time of the effective date of
5 this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall divest
6 himself or herself of such ownership within one year after the
7 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General
8 Assembly.

9 No State employee who works for any State agency that
10 regulates cannabis business establishment license holders who
11 participated personally and substantially in the award of
12 licenses under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or a spouse
13 or immediate family member living with such person shall,
14 during State employment or within a period of 2 years
15 immediately after termination of State employment, hold an
16 ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a
17 publicly traded company, in any cannabis license under the
18 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.

19 (b) No former officer of the executive branch or State
20 employee of the executive branch with regulatory or licensing
21 authority, or spouse or immediate family member living with
22 such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately
23 after termination of State employment, knowingly accept
24 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a
25 person or entity if the officer or State employee, during the
26 year immediately preceding termination of State employment,

1 participated personally and substantially in making a
2 regulatory or licensing decision that directly applied to the
3 person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.

4 (b-5) Beginning January 1, 2022, no former officer of the
5 executive branch shall engage in activities at the State level
6 that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act
7 during the term of which he or she was elected or appointed
8 until 6 months after leaving office.

9 (b-7) Beginning the second Wednesday in January of 2023,
10 no former member shall engage in activities at the State level
11 that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act
12 in a General Assembly of which he or she was a member until 6
13 months after leaving office.

14 (c) Within 6 months after the effective date of this
15 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, each executive
16 branch constitutional officer and legislative leader, the
17 Auditor General, and the Joint Committee on Legislative
18 Support Services shall adopt a policy delineating which State
19 positions under his or her jurisdiction and control, by the
20 nature of their duties, may have the authority to participate
21 personally and substantially in the award or fiscal
22 administration of State contracts or in regulatory or
23 licensing decisions. The Governor shall adopt such a policy
24 for all State employees of the executive branch not under the
25 jurisdiction and control of any other executive branch
26 constitutional officer.

1 The policies required under subsection (c) of this Section
2 shall be filed with the appropriate ethics commission
3 established under this Act or, for the Auditor General, with
4 the Office of the Auditor General.

5 (d) Each Inspector General shall have the authority to
6 determine that additional State positions under his or her
7 jurisdiction, not otherwise subject to the policies required
8 by subsection (c) of this Section, are nonetheless subject to
9 the notification requirement of subsection (f) below due to
10 their involvement in the award or fiscal administration of
11 State contracts or in regulatory or licensing decisions.

12 (e) The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services,
13 the Auditor General, and each of the executive branch
14 constitutional officers and legislative leaders subject to
15 subsection (c) of this Section shall provide written
16 notification to all employees in positions subject to the
17 policies required by subsection (c) or a determination made
18 under subsection (d): (1) upon hiring, promotion, or transfer
19 into the relevant position; and (2) at the time the employee's
20 duties are changed in such a way as to qualify that employee.
21 An employee receiving notification must certify in writing
22 that the person was advised of the prohibition and the
23 requirement to notify the appropriate Inspector General in
24 subsection (f).

25 (f) Any State employee in a position subject to the
26 policies required by subsection (c) or to a determination

1 under subsection (d), but who does not fall within the
2 prohibition of subsection (h) below, who is offered non-State
3 employment during State employment or within a period of one
4 year immediately after termination of State employment shall,
5 prior to accepting such non-State employment, notify the
6 appropriate Inspector General. Within 10 calendar days after
7 receiving notification from an employee in a position subject
8 to the policies required by subsection (c), such Inspector
9 General shall make a determination as to whether the State
10 employee is restricted from accepting such employment by
11 subsection (a) or (b). In making a determination, in addition
12 to any other relevant information, an Inspector General shall
13 assess the effect of the prospective employment or
14 relationship upon decisions referred to in subsections (a) and
15 (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former
16 officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. A
17 determination by an Inspector General must be in writing,
18 signed and dated by the Inspector General, and delivered to
19 the subject of the determination within 10 calendar days or
20 the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity.
21 For purposes of this subsection, "appropriate Inspector
22 General" means (i) for members and employees of the
23 legislative branch, the Legislative Inspector General; (ii)
24 for the Auditor General and employees of the Office of the
25 Auditor General, the Inspector General provided for in Section
26 30-5 of this Act; and (iii) for executive branch officers and

1 employees, the Inspector General having jurisdiction over the
2 officer or employee. Notice of any determination of an
3 Inspector General and of any such appeal shall be given to the
4 ultimate jurisdictional authority, the Attorney General, and
5 the Executive Ethics Commission.

6 (g) An Inspector General's determination regarding
7 restrictions under subsection (a) or (b) may be appealed to
8 the appropriate Ethics Commission by the person subject to the
9 decision or the Attorney General no later than the 10th
10 calendar day after the date of the determination.

11 On appeal, the Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall
12 seek, accept, and consider written public comments regarding a
13 determination. In deciding whether to uphold an Inspector
14 General's determination, the appropriate Ethics Commission or
15 Auditor General shall assess, in addition to any other
16 relevant information, the effect of the prospective employment
17 or relationship upon the decisions referred to in subsections
18 (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the
19 former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions.
20 The Ethics Commission shall decide whether to uphold an
21 Inspector General's determination within 10 calendar days or
22 the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity.

23 (h) The following officers, members, or State employees
24 shall not, within a period of one year immediately after
25 termination of office or State employment, knowingly accept
26 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a

1 person or entity if the person or entity or its parent or
2 subsidiary, during the year immediately preceding termination
3 of State employment, was a party to a State contract or
4 contracts with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more involving
5 the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, or was
6 the subject of a regulatory or licensing decision involving
7 the officer, member, or State employee's State agency,
8 regardless of whether he or she participated personally and
9 substantially in the award or fiscal administration of the
10 State contract or contracts or the making of the regulatory or
11 licensing decision in question:

12 (1) members or officers;

13 (2) members of a commission or board created by the
14 Illinois Constitution;

15 (3) persons whose appointment to office is subject to
16 the advice and consent of the Senate;

17 (4) the head of a department, commission, board,
18 division, bureau, authority, or other administrative unit
19 within the government of this State;

20 (5) chief procurement officers, State purchasing
21 officers, and their designees whose duties are directly
22 related to State procurement;

23 (6) chiefs of staff, deputy chiefs of staff, associate
24 chiefs of staff, assistant chiefs of staff, and deputy
25 governors, or any other position that holds an equivalent
26 level of managerial oversight;

1 (7) employees of the Illinois Racing Board; and

2 (8) employees of the Illinois Gaming Board.

3 (i) For the purposes of this Section, with respect to
4 officers or employees of a regional transit board, as defined
5 in this Act, the phrase "person or entity" does not include:
6 (i) the United States government, (ii) the State, (iii)
7 municipalities, as defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the
8 Illinois Constitution, (iv) units of local government, as
9 defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the Illinois
10 Constitution, or (v) school districts.

11 (Source: P.A. 101-31, eff. 6-28-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

12 (5 ILCS 430/20-20)

13 Sec. 20-20. Duties of the Executive Inspectors General. In
14 addition to duties otherwise assigned by law, each Executive
15 Inspector General shall have the following duties:

16 (1) To receive and investigate, without advance
17 approval of the Executive Ethics Commission, allegations
18 of violations of this Act and other wrongful acts within
19 his or her jurisdiction based on a complaint. An
20 investigation may not be initiated more than one year
21 after the alleged wrongful act or the most recent act of a
22 series of alleged wrongful acts based on the same wrongful
23 conduct except if there is reasonable cause to believe
24 that fraudulent concealment has occurred ~~allegations of~~
25 ~~violations of this Act. An investigation may not be~~

1 ~~initiated more than one year after the most recent act of~~
2 ~~the alleged violation or of a series of alleged violations~~
3 ~~except where there is reasonable cause to believe that~~
4 ~~fraudulent concealment has occurred.~~ To constitute
5 fraudulent concealment sufficient to toll this limitations
6 period, there must be an affirmative act or representation
7 calculated to prevent discovery of the fact that a
8 violation or other wrongful act has occurred. The
9 Executive Inspector General shall have the discretion to
10 determine the appropriate means of investigation as
11 permitted by law.

12 (2) To request information relating to an
13 investigation from any person when the Executive Inspector
14 General deems that information necessary in conducting an
15 investigation.

16 (3) To issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of
17 witnesses for the purposes of testimony and production of
18 documents and other items for inspection and copying and
19 to make service of those subpoenas and subpoenas issued
20 under item (7) of Section 20-15.

21 (4) To submit reports as required by this Act.

22 (5) To file pleadings in the name of the Executive
23 Inspector General with the Executive Ethics Commission,
24 through the Attorney General, as provided in this Article
25 if the Attorney General finds that reasonable cause exists
26 to believe that a violation has occurred.

1 (6) To assist and coordinate the ethics officers for
2 State agencies under the jurisdiction of the Executive
3 Inspector General and to work with those ethics officers.

4 (7) To participate in or conduct, when appropriate,
5 multi-jurisdictional investigations.

6 (8) To request, as the Executive Inspector General
7 deems appropriate, from ethics officers of State agencies
8 under his or her jurisdiction, reports or information on
9 (i) the content of a State agency's ethics training
10 program and (ii) the percentage of new officers and
11 employees who have completed ethics training.

12 (9) To review hiring and employment files of each
13 State agency within the Executive Inspector General's
14 jurisdiction to ensure compliance with *Rutan v. Republican*
15 *Party of Illinois*, 497 U.S. 62 (1990), and with all
16 applicable employment laws.

17 (10) To establish a policy that ensures the
18 appropriate handling and correct recording of all
19 investigations conducted by the Office, and to ensure that
20 the policy is accessible via the Internet in order that
21 those seeking to report those allegations are familiar
22 with the process and that the subjects of those
23 allegations are treated fairly.

24 (11) To post information to the Executive Inspector
25 General's website explaining to complainants and subjects
26 of an investigation the legal limitations on the Executive

1 Inspector General's ability to provide information to them
2 and a general overview of the investigation process.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

4 (5 ILCS 430/20-95)

5 Sec. 20-95. Exemptions.

6 (a) Documents generated by an ethics officer under this
7 Act, except Section 5-50, are exempt from the provisions of
8 the Freedom of Information Act.

9 (b) Any allegations and related documents submitted to an
10 Executive Inspector General and any pleadings and related
11 documents brought before the Executive Ethics Commission are
12 exempt from the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act
13 so long as the Executive Ethics Commission does not make a
14 finding of a violation of this Act. If the Executive Ethics
15 Commission finds that a violation has occurred, the entire
16 record of proceedings before the Commission, the decision and
17 recommendation, and the response from the agency head or
18 ultimate jurisdictional authority to the Executive Ethics
19 Commission are not exempt from the provisions of the Freedom
20 of Information Act but information contained therein that is
21 otherwise exempt from the Freedom of Information Act must be
22 redacted before disclosure as provided in the Freedom of
23 Information Act. A summary report released by the Executive
24 Ethics Commission under Section 20-52 is a public record, but
25 information redacted by the Executive Ethics Commission shall

1 not be part of the public record.

2 (c) Meetings of the Commission are exempt from the
3 provisions of the Open Meetings Act.

4 (d) Unless otherwise provided in this Act, all
5 investigatory files and reports of the Office of an Executive
6 Inspector General, other than monthly reports required under
7 Section 20-85, are confidential and privileged, are exempt
8 from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, and
9 shall not be divulged to any person or agency, except as
10 necessary (i) to a law enforcement authority, (ii) to the
11 ultimate jurisdictional authority, (iii) to the Executive
12 Ethics Commission, (iv) to another Inspector General appointed
13 pursuant to this Act, or (v) to an Inspector General appointed
14 or employed by a Regional Transit Board in accordance with
15 Section 75-10.

16 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09; 96-1528, eff. 7-1-11.)

17 (5 ILCS 430/25-5)

18 Sec. 25-5. Legislative Ethics Commission.

19 (a) The Legislative Ethics Commission is created.

20 (b) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall consist of 8
21 commissioners appointed 2 each by the President and Minority
22 Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the
23 House of Representatives.

24 The terms of the initial commissioners shall commence upon
25 qualification. Each appointing authority shall designate one

1 appointee who shall serve for a 2-year term running through
2 June 30, 2005. Each appointing authority shall designate one
3 appointee who shall serve for a 4-year term running through
4 June 30, 2007. The initial appointments shall be made within
5 60 days after the effective date of this Act.

6 After the initial terms, commissioners shall serve for
7 4-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment
8 and running through June 30 of the fourth following year.
9 Commissioners may be reappointed to one or more subsequent
10 terms.

11 A vacancy shall occur upon a commissioner's death,
12 resignation, removal, disqualification, termination of
13 legislative service in the house or caucus of the appointing
14 authority, or other inability to act. Vacancies occurring
15 other than at the end of a term shall be filled by the
16 appointing authority only for the balance of the term of the
17 commissioner whose office is vacant.

18 Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is
19 filled.

20 (c) The appointing authorities shall appoint commissioners
21 who have experience holding governmental office or employment
22 and may appoint commissioners who are members of the General
23 Assembly as well as commissioners from the general public. A
24 commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly must
25 recuse himself or herself from participating in any matter
26 relating to any investigation or proceeding in which he or she

1 is the subject or is a complainant. A person is not eligible to
2 serve as a commissioner if that person (i) has been convicted
3 of a felony or a crime of dishonesty or moral turpitude, (ii)
4 is, or was within the preceding 12 months, engaged in
5 activities that require registration under the Lobbyist
6 Registration Act, (iii) is a relative of the appointing
7 authority, (iv) is a State officer or employee other than a
8 member of the General Assembly, or (v) is a candidate for
9 statewide ~~office~~, federal ~~office~~, or judicial office.

10 (c-5) If a commissioner is required to recuse himself or
11 herself from participating in a matter as provided in
12 subsection (c), the recusal shall create a temporary vacancy
13 for the limited purpose of consideration of the matter for
14 which the commissioner recused himself or herself, and the
15 appointing authority for the recusing commissioner shall make
16 a temporary appointment to fill the vacancy for consideration
17 of the matter for which the commissioner recused himself or
18 herself.

19 (d) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall have
20 jurisdiction over current and former members of the General
21 Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's term of
22 office and current and former State employees regarding events
23 occurring during any period of employment where the State
24 employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) a
25 legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations Commission, or
26 (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services. The

1 Legislative Ethics Commission shall have jurisdiction over
2 complainants and respondents in violation of subsection (d) of
3 Section 25-90. The jurisdiction of the Commission is limited
4 to matters arising under this Act.

5 An officer or executive branch State employee serving on a
6 legislative branch board or commission remains subject to the
7 jurisdiction of the Executive Ethics Commission and is not
8 subject to the jurisdiction of the Legislative Ethics
9 Commission.

10 (e) The Legislative Ethics Commission must meet, either in
11 person or by other technological means, monthly or as often as
12 necessary. At the first meeting of the Legislative Ethics
13 Commission, the commissioners shall choose from their number a
14 chairperson and other officers that they deem appropriate. The
15 terms of officers shall be for 2 years commencing July 1 and
16 running through June 30 of the second following year. Meetings
17 shall be held at the call of the chairperson or any 3
18 commissioners. Official action by the Commission shall require
19 the affirmative vote of 5 commissioners, and a quorum shall
20 consist of 5 commissioners. Commissioners shall receive no
21 compensation but may be reimbursed for their reasonable
22 expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

23 (f) No commissioner, other than a commissioner who is a
24 member of the General Assembly, or employee of the Legislative
25 Ethics Commission may during his or her term of appointment or
26 employment:

1 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

2 (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office
3 except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or
4 study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by
5 law;

6 (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any
7 political party or political organization; or

8 (4) advocate for the appointment of another person to
9 an appointed or elected office or position or actively
10 participate in any campaign for any elective office.

11 (f-5) No commissioner who is a member of the General
12 Assembly may be a candidate for statewide ~~office~~, federal
13 ~~office~~, or judicial office. If a commissioner who is a member
14 of the General Assembly files petitions to be a candidate for a
15 statewide ~~office~~, federal ~~office~~, or judicial office, he or
16 she shall be deemed to have resigned from his or her position
17 as a commissioner on the date his or her name is certified for
18 the ballot by the State Board of Elections or local election
19 authority and his or her position as a commissioner shall be
20 deemed vacant. Such person may not be reappointed to the
21 Commission during any time he or she is a candidate for
22 statewide ~~office~~, federal ~~office~~, or judicial office.

23 (g) An appointing authority may remove a commissioner only
24 for cause.

25 (h) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall appoint an
26 Executive Director subject to the approval of at least 3 of the

1 4 legislative leaders. The compensation of the Executive
2 Director shall be as determined by the Commission. The
3 Executive Director of the Legislative Ethics Commission may
4 employ, subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4
5 legislative leaders, and determine the compensation of staff,
6 as appropriations permit.

7 (i) In consultation with the Legislative Inspector
8 General, the Legislative Ethics Commission may develop
9 comprehensive training for members and employees under its
10 jurisdiction that includes, but is not limited to, sexual
11 harassment, employment discrimination, and workplace civility.
12 The training may be recommended to the ultimate jurisdictional
13 authorities and may be approved by the Commission to satisfy
14 the sexual harassment training required under Section 5-10.5
15 or be provided in addition to the annual sexual harassment
16 training required under Section 5-10.5. The Commission may
17 seek input from governmental agencies or private entities for
18 guidance in developing such training.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
20 101-221, eff. 8-9-19; 101-617, eff. 12-20-19.)

21 (5 ILCS 430/25-10)

22 Sec. 25-10. Office of Legislative Inspector General.

23 (a) The independent Office of the Legislative Inspector
24 General is created. The Office shall be under the direction
25 and supervision of the Legislative Inspector General and shall

1 be a fully independent office with its own appropriation.

2 (b) The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed
3 without regard to political affiliation and solely on the
4 basis of integrity and demonstrated ability. The Legislative
5 Ethics Commission shall diligently search out qualified
6 candidates for Legislative Inspector General and shall make
7 recommendations to the General Assembly. The Legislative
8 Inspector General may serve in a full-time, part-time, or
9 contractual capacity.

10 The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed by a
11 joint resolution of the Senate and the House of
12 Representatives, which may specify the date on which the
13 appointment takes effect. A joint resolution, or other
14 document as may be specified by the Joint Rules of the General
15 Assembly, appointing the Legislative Inspector General must be
16 certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and
17 the President of the Senate as having been adopted by the
18 affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members elected to
19 each house, respectively, and be filed with the Secretary of
20 State. The appointment of the Legislative Inspector General
21 takes effect on the day the appointment is completed by the
22 General Assembly, unless the appointment specifies a later
23 date on which it is to become effective.

24 The Legislative Inspector General shall have the following
25 qualifications:

26 (1) has not been convicted of any felony under the

1 laws of this State, another state, or the United States;

2 (2) has earned a baccalaureate degree from an
3 institution of higher education; and

4 (3) has 5 or more years of cumulative service (A) with
5 a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, at
6 least 2 years of which have been in a progressive
7 investigatory capacity; (B) as a federal, State, or local
8 prosecutor; (C) as a senior manager or executive of a
9 federal, State, or local agency; (D) as a member, an
10 officer, or a State or federal judge; or (E) representing
11 any combination of items (A) through (D).

12 The Legislative Inspector General may not be a relative of
13 a commissioner.

14 The term of the initial Legislative Inspector General
15 shall commence upon qualification and shall run through June
16 30, 2008.

17 After the initial term, the Legislative Inspector General
18 shall serve for 5-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year
19 of appointment and running through June 30 of the fifth
20 following year. The Legislative Inspector General may be
21 reappointed to one or more subsequent terms. Terms shall run
22 regardless of whether the position is filled.

23 (b-5) A vacancy occurring other than at the end of a term
24 shall be filled in the same manner as an appointment only for
25 the balance of the term of the Legislative Inspector General
26 whose office is vacant. Within 7 days of the Office becoming

1 vacant or receipt of a Legislative Inspector General's
2 prospective resignation, the vacancy shall be publicly posted
3 on the Commission's website, along with a description of the
4 requirements for the position and where applicants may apply.

5 Within 45 days of the vacancy, the Commission shall
6 designate an Acting Legislative Inspector General who shall
7 serve until the vacancy is filled. The Commission shall file
8 the designation in writing with the Secretary of State.

9 Within 60 days prior to the end of the term of the
10 Legislative Inspector General or within 30 days of the
11 occurrence of a vacancy in the Office of the Legislative
12 Inspector General, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall
13 establish a four-member search committee within the Commission
14 for the purpose of conducting a search for qualified
15 candidates to serve as Legislative Inspector General. The
16 Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of
17 the House, Senate President, and Minority Leader of the Senate
18 shall each appoint one member to the search committee. A
19 member of the search committee shall be either a retired judge
20 or former prosecutor and may not be a member or employee of the
21 General Assembly or a registered lobbyist. If the Legislative
22 Ethics Commission wishes to recommend that the Legislative
23 Inspector General be re-appointed, a search committee does not
24 need to be appointed.

25 The search committee shall conduct a search for qualified
26 candidates, accept applications, and conduct interviews. The

1 search committee shall recommend up to 3 candidates for
2 Legislative Inspector General to the Legislative Ethics
3 Commission. The search committee shall be disbanded upon an
4 appointment of the Legislative Inspector General. Members of
5 the search committee are not entitled to compensation but
6 shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses
7 incurred in connection with the performance of their duties.

8 Within 30 days after June 8, 2018 (the effective date of
9 Public Act 100-588) ~~this amendatory Act of the 100th General~~
10 ~~Assembly~~, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall create a
11 search committee in the manner provided for in this subsection
12 to recommend up to 3 candidates for Legislative Inspector
13 General to the Legislative Ethics Commission by October 31,
14 2018.

15 If a vacancy exists and the Commission has not appointed
16 an Acting Legislative Inspector General, either the staff of
17 the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, or if there
18 is no staff, the Executive Director, shall advise the
19 Commission of all open investigations and any new allegations
20 or complaints received in the Office of the Inspector General.
21 These reports shall not include the name of any person
22 identified in the allegation or complaint, including, but not
23 limited to, the subject of and the person filing the
24 allegation or complaint. Notification shall be made to the
25 Commission on a weekly basis unless the Commission approves of
26 a different reporting schedule.

1 If the Office of the Inspector General is vacant for 6
2 months or more beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and the
3 Legislative Ethics Commission has not appointed an Acting
4 Legislative Inspector General, all complaints made to the
5 Legislative Inspector General or the Legislative Ethics
6 Commission shall be directed to the Inspector General for the
7 Auditor General, and he or she shall have the authority to act
8 as provided in subsection (c) of this Section and Section
9 25-20 of this Act, and shall be subject to all laws and rules
10 governing a Legislative Inspector General or Acting
11 Legislative Inspector General. The authority for the Inspector
12 General of the Auditor General under this paragraph shall
13 terminate upon appointment of a Legislative Inspector General
14 or an Acting Legislative Inspector General.

15 (c) The Legislative Inspector General shall have
16 jurisdiction over the current and former members of the
17 General Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's
18 term of office and current and former State employees
19 regarding events occurring during any period of employment
20 where the State employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority
21 is (i) a legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations
22 Commission, or (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative
23 Support Services.

24 The jurisdiction of each Legislative Inspector General is
25 to investigate allegations of violations of this Act,
26 violations of other related laws and rules regarding events

1 related to the member's or employee's public duties or use of
2 State office, employment, or resources, or fraud, waste,
3 abuse, mismanagement, misconduct, nonfeasance, misfeasance, or
4 malfeasance related to the member's or employee's public
5 duties or use of State office, employment, or resources. The
6 jurisdiction shall not include violations of the Rules of the
7 House of Representatives or the Senate, or violations of this
8 Act or violations of other related laws and rules.

9 The Legislative Inspector General shall have jurisdiction
10 over complainants in violation of subsection (e) of Section
11 25-63 of this Act.

12 (d) The compensation of the Legislative Inspector General
13 shall be the greater of an amount (i) determined by the
14 Commission or (ii) by joint resolution of the General Assembly
15 passed by a majority of members elected in each chamber.
16 Subject to Section 25-45 of this Act, the Legislative
17 Inspector General has full authority to organize the Office of
18 the Legislative Inspector General, including the employment
19 and determination of the compensation of staff, such as
20 deputies, assistants, and other employees, as appropriations
21 permit. Employment of staff is subject to the approval of at
22 least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders.

23 (e) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the
24 Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, during his or
25 her term of appointment or employment:

26 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

1 (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office
2 except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or
3 study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by
4 law;

5 (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any
6 political party or political organization; or

7 (4) actively participate in any campaign for any
8 elective office.

9 A full-time Legislative Inspector General shall not engage
10 in the practice of law or any other business, employment, or
11 vocation.

12 In this subsection an appointed public office means a
13 position authorized by law that is filled by an appointing
14 authority as provided by law and does not include employment
15 by hiring in the ordinary course of business.

16 (e-1) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the
17 Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, for one year
18 after the termination of his or her appointment or employment:

19 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

20 (2) hold any elected public office; or

21 (3) hold any appointed State, county, or local
22 judicial office.

23 (e-2) The requirements of item (3) of subsection (e-1) may
24 be waived by the Legislative Ethics Commission.

25 (f) The Commission may remove the Legislative Inspector
26 General only for cause. At the time of the removal, the

1 Commission must report to the General Assembly the
2 justification for the removal.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19;
4 revised 9-12-19.)

5 (5 ILCS 430/25-15)

6 Sec. 25-15. Duties of the Legislative Ethics Commission.
7 In addition to duties otherwise assigned by law, the
8 Legislative Ethics Commission shall have the following duties:

9 (1) To promulgate rules governing the performance of
10 its duties and the exercise of its powers and governing
11 the investigations of the Legislative Inspector General;
12 except that, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall adopt
13 no rule requiring the Legislative Inspector General to
14 seek the Commission's advance approval before commencing
15 any investigation authorized under this Article. Any
16 existing rule, as of the effective date of this amendatory
17 Act of the 102nd General Assembly, requiring the
18 Legislative Inspector General to seek the Commission's
19 advance approval before commencing any investigation is
20 void. The rules shall be available on the Commission's
21 website and any proposed changes to the rules must be made
22 available to the public on the Commission's website no
23 less than 7 days before the adoption of the changes. Any
24 person shall be given an opportunity to provide written or
25 oral testimony before the Commission in support of or

1 opposition to proposed rules.

2 (2) To conduct administrative hearings and rule on
3 matters brought before the Commission only upon the
4 receipt of pleadings filed by the Legislative Inspector
5 General and not upon its own prerogative, but may appoint
6 special Legislative Inspectors General as provided in
7 Section 25-21. Any other allegations of misconduct
8 received by the Commission from a person other than the
9 Legislative Inspector General shall be referred to the
10 Office of the Legislative Inspector General.

11 (3) To prepare and publish manuals and guides and,
12 working with the Office of the Attorney General, oversee
13 training of employees under its jurisdiction that explains
14 their duties.

15 (4) To prepare public information materials to
16 facilitate compliance, implementation, and enforcement of
17 this Act.

18 (5) To submit reports as required by this Act.

19 (6) To the extent authorized by this Act, to make
20 rulings, issue recommendations, and impose administrative
21 fines, if appropriate, in connection with the
22 implementation and interpretation of this Act. The powers
23 and duties of the Commission are limited to matters
24 clearly within the purview of this Act.

25 (7) To issue subpoenas with respect to matters pending
26 before the Commission, subject to the provisions of this

1 Article and in the discretion of the Commission, to compel
2 the attendance of witnesses for purposes of testimony and
3 the production of documents and other items for inspection
4 and copying.

5 (8) To appoint special Legislative Inspectors General
6 as provided in Section 25-21.

7 (9) To conspicuously display on the Commission's
8 website the procedures for reporting a violation of this
9 Act, including how to report violations via email or
10 online.

11 (10) To conspicuously display on the Commission's
12 website any vacancies within the Office of the Legislative
13 Inspector General.

14 (11) To appoint an Acting Legislative Inspector
15 General in the event of a vacancy in the Office of the
16 Legislative Inspector General.

17 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

18 (5 ILCS 430/25-20)

19 Sec. 25-20. Duties of the Legislative Inspector General.
20 In addition to duties otherwise assigned by law, the
21 Legislative Inspector General shall have the following duties:

22 (1) To receive and investigate, without advance
23 approval of the Legislative Ethics Commission, allegations
24 of violations of this Act and other wrongful acts within
25 his or her jurisdiction based on a complaint. Except as

1 otherwise provided in paragraph (1.5), an investigation
2 may not be initiated more than one year after the alleged
3 wrongful act or the most recent act of a series of alleged
4 wrongful acts based on the same wrongful conduct except if
5 there is reasonable cause to believe that fraudulent
6 concealment has occurred ~~allegations of violations of this~~
7 ~~Act. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1.5), an~~
8 ~~investigation may not be initiated more than one year~~
9 ~~after the most recent act of the alleged violation or of a~~
10 ~~series of alleged violations except where there is~~
11 ~~reasonable cause to believe that fraudulent concealment~~
12 ~~has occurred.~~ To constitute fraudulent concealment
13 sufficient to toll this limitations period, there must be
14 an affirmative act or representation calculated to prevent
15 discovery of the fact that a violation or other wrongful
16 act has occurred. The Legislative Inspector General shall
17 have the discretion to determine the appropriate means of
18 investigation as permitted by law.

19 (1.5) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
20 contrary, the Legislative Inspector General, whether
21 appointed by the Legislative Ethics Commission or the
22 General Assembly, may initiate an investigation based on
23 information provided to the Office of the Legislative
24 Inspector General or the Legislative Ethics Commission
25 during the period from December 1, 2014 through November
26 3, 2017. Any investigation initiated under this paragraph

1 (1.5) must be initiated within one year after the
2 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General
3 Assembly.

4 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
5 the Legislative Inspector General, through the Attorney
6 General, shall have the authority to file a complaint
7 related to any founded violations that occurred during the
8 period December 1, 2014 through November 3, 2017 to the
9 Legislative Ethics Commission, and the Commission shall
10 have jurisdiction to conduct administrative hearings
11 related to any pleadings filed by the Legislative
12 Inspector General, provided the complaint is filed with
13 the Commission no later than 6 months after the summary
14 report is provided to the Attorney General in accordance
15 with subsection (c) of Section 25-50.

16 (2) To request information relating to an
17 investigation from any person when the Legislative
18 Inspector General deems that information necessary in
19 conducting an investigation.

20 (3) To issue subpoenas, with the advance approval of
21 the Commission, to compel the attendance of witnesses for
22 the purposes of testimony and production of documents and
23 other items for inspection and copying and to make service
24 of those subpoenas and subpoenas issued under item (7) of
25 Section 25-15.

26 (4) To submit reports as required by this Act.

1 (5) To file pleadings in the name of the Legislative
2 Inspector General with the Legislative Ethics Commission,
3 through the Attorney General, as provided in this Article
4 if the Attorney General finds that reasonable cause exists
5 to believe that a violation has occurred.

6 (6) To assist and coordinate the ethics officers for
7 State agencies under the jurisdiction of the Legislative
8 Inspector General and to work with those ethics officers.

9 (7) To participate in or conduct, when appropriate,
10 multi-jurisdictional investigations.

11 (8) To request, as the Legislative Inspector General
12 deems appropriate, from ethics officers of State agencies
13 under his or her jurisdiction, reports or information on
14 (i) the content of a State agency's ethics training
15 program and (ii) the percentage of new officers and
16 employees who have completed ethics training.

17 (9) To establish a policy that ensures the appropriate
18 handling and correct recording of all investigations of
19 allegations and to ensure that the policy is accessible
20 via the Internet in order that those seeking to report
21 those allegations are familiar with the process and that
22 the subjects of those allegations are treated fairly.

23 (10) To post information to the Legislative Inspector
24 General's website explaining to complainants and subjects
25 of an investigation the legal limitations on the
26 Legislative Inspector General's ability to provide

1 information to them and a general overview of the
2 investigation process.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-553, eff. 11-16-17; 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

4 (5 ILCS 430/25-85)

5 Sec. 25-85. Quarterly reports by the Legislative Inspector
6 General. The Legislative Inspector General shall submit
7 quarterly reports of claims within his or her jurisdiction
8 filed with the Office of the Legislative Inspector General to
9 the General Assembly and the Legislative Ethics Commission, on
10 dates determined by the Legislative Ethics Commission,
11 indicating:

12 (1) the total number of allegations received since the
13 date of the last report and the total number of
14 allegations received since the date of the last report by
15 category of claim;

16 (2) the total number of investigations initiated since
17 the date of the last report and the total number of
18 investigations initiated since the date of the last report
19 by category of claim;

20 (3) the total number of investigations concluded since
21 the date of the last report and the total number of
22 investigations concluded since the date of the last report
23 by category of claim;

24 (4) the total number of investigations pending as of
25 the reporting date and the total number of investigations

1 pending as of the reporting date by category of claim;

2 (5) the total number of summary reports ~~complaints~~
3 forwarded to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection
4 (c) of Section 25-50 since the date of the last report;

5 (6) the total number of actions filed with the
6 Legislative Ethics Commission since the date of the last
7 report, the total number of actions pending before the
8 Legislative Ethics Commission as of the reporting date,
9 the total number of actions filed with the Legislative
10 Ethics Commission since the date of the last report by
11 category of claim, and the total number of actions pending
12 before the Legislative Ethics Commission as of the
13 reporting date by category of claim;

14 (7) the number of allegations referred to any law
15 enforcement agency since the date of the last report;

16 (8) the total number of allegations referred to
17 another investigatory body since the date of the last
18 report; and

19 (9) the cumulative number of each of the foregoing for
20 the current calendar year.

21 For the purposes of this Section, "category of claim"
22 shall include discrimination claims, harassment claims, sexual
23 harassment claims, retaliation claims, gift ban claims,
24 prohibited political activity claims, revolving door
25 prohibition claims, and other, miscellaneous, or
26 uncharacterized claims.

1 The quarterly report shall be available on the website of
2 the Legislative Inspector General.

3 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

4 Section 20. The Election Code is amended by changing
5 Sections 1A-14, 9-1.8, and 9-8.5 and by adding Section 9-3.5
6 as follows:

7 (10 ILCS 5/1A-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 1A-14)

8 Sec. 1A-14. Political activity by members of the State
9 Board of Elections.

10 (a) No member of the State Board of Elections may become a
11 candidate for nomination for, or election to, or accept
12 appointment to or hold any other remunerative public office or
13 public employment or any office in a political party. No
14 member of the State Board of Elections shall: (i) contribute,
15 either financially or in services or goods or any other way, to
16 any political committee; (ii) serve as an officer of any
17 political committee; or (iii) be a candidate who is designated
18 as the candidate to be supported by a candidate political
19 committee.

20 (b) A member of the State Board of Elections who is either
21 an officer of a political committee or a candidate who is
22 designated as the candidate to be supported by a candidate
23 political committee shall within 30 days after confirmation by
24 the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the political

1 committee; (ii) have his or her name removed as the candidate
2 to be supported by a political committee; (iii) notify the
3 Board of the member's intent to convert the political
4 committee to a limited activity committee under Section 9-1.8,
5 and complete the transition to a limited activity committee
6 within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv) dissolve the
7 committee. A member of the State Board of Elections who is in
8 violation of this subsection (b) on the effective date of this
9 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly must come into
10 compliance within 30 days after the effective date of this
11 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

12 (c) Violation of any prohibition in this Section shall
13 disqualify a member of the Board and a vacancy is thereby
14 created. A vacancy also exists upon the occurrence of any of
15 the events enumerated in Section 25-2 of this Act as in the
16 case of an elective office.

17 (d) As used in this Section, "political committee"
18 includes both the meaning provided in Section 9-1.8 of this
19 Code and the meaning provided in 52 U.S.C. 30101.

20 (Source: P.A. 80-1178.)

21 (10 ILCS 5/9-1.8) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-1.8)

22 Sec. 9-1.8. Political committees.

23 (a) "Political committee" includes a candidate political
24 committee, a political party committee, a political action
25 committee, a ballot initiative committee, and an independent

1 expenditure committee.

2 (b) "Candidate political committee" means the candidate
3 himself or herself or any natural person, trust, partnership,
4 corporation, or other organization or group of persons
5 designated by the candidate that accepts contributions or
6 makes expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate
7 amount exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of the candidate.

8 (c) "Political party committee" means the State central
9 committee of a political party, a county central committee of
10 a political party, a legislative caucus committee, or a
11 committee formed by a ward or township committeeperson of a
12 political party. For purposes of this Article, a "legislative
13 caucus committee" means a committee established for the
14 purpose of electing candidates to the General Assembly by the
15 person elected President of the Senate, Minority Leader of the
16 Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority
17 Leader of the House of Representatives, or a committee
18 established by 5 or more members of the same caucus of the
19 Senate or 10 or more members of the same caucus of the House of
20 Representatives.

21 (d) "Political action committee" means any natural person,
22 trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or
23 other organization or group of persons, other than a
24 candidate, political party, candidate political committee, or
25 political party committee, that accepts contributions or makes
26 expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount

1 exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate
2 or candidates for public office. "Political action committee"
3 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee,
4 association, corporation, or other organization or group of
5 persons, other than a candidate, political party, candidate
6 political committee, or political party committee, that makes
7 electioneering communications during any 12-month period in an
8 aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to any candidate or
9 candidates for public office.

10 (e) "Ballot initiative committee" means any natural
11 person, trust, partnership, committee, association,
12 corporation, or other organization or group of persons that
13 accepts contributions or makes expenditures during any
14 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in
15 support of or in opposition to any question of public policy to
16 be submitted to the electors. "Ballot initiative committee"
17 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee,
18 association, corporation, or other organization or group of
19 persons that makes electioneering communications during any
20 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000
21 related to any question of public policy to be submitted to the
22 voters. The \$5,000 threshold applies to any contributions or
23 expenditures received or made with the purpose of securing a
24 place on the ballot for, advocating the defeat or passage of,
25 or engaging in electioneering communication regarding the
26 question of public policy, regardless of the method of

1 initiation of the question of public policy and regardless of
2 whether petitions have been circulated or filed with the
3 appropriate office or whether the question has been adopted
4 and certified by the governing body.

5 (f) "Independent expenditure committee" means any trust,
6 partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other
7 organization or group of persons formed for the exclusive
8 purpose of making independent expenditures during any 12-month
9 period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in support of
10 or in opposition to (i) the nomination for election, election,
11 retention, or defeat of any public official or candidate or
12 (ii) any question of public policy to be submitted to the
13 electors. "Independent expenditure committee" also includes
14 any trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation,
15 or other organization or group of persons that makes
16 electioneering communications that are not made in connection,
17 consultation, or concert with or at the request or suggestion
18 of a public official or candidate, a public official's or
19 candidate's designated political committee or campaign, or an
20 agent or agents of the public official, candidate, or
21 political committee or campaign during any 12-month period in
22 an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to (i) the
23 nomination for election, election, retention, or defeat of any
24 public official or candidate or (ii) any question of public
25 policy to be submitted to the voters.

26 (g) "Limited activity committee" means a political

1 committee for which a person who is nominated to a position
2 that is subject to confirmation by the Senate, including a
3 member of the State Board of Elections, is either an officer or
4 a candidate the committee has designated to support.

5 (Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

6 (10 ILCS 5/9-3.5 new)

7 Sec. 9-3.5. Candidate political committee restrictions.

8 (a) A person who is nominated to an affected office shall
9 not: (i) serve as an officer of a candidate political
10 committee that is designated to support or oppose that person
11 as a candidate; or (ii) be a candidate who is designated as the
12 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.

13 (b) Within 30 days after appointment, the person shall:
14 (i) dissolve the candidate political committee; (ii) resign as
15 an officer of the candidate political committee; (iii) have
16 his or her name removed as the candidate to be supported by the
17 candidate political committee; or (iv) notify the Board of the
18 person's intent to convert the candidate political committee
19 to a limited activity candidate political committee.

20 (c) As used in this Section, "affected office" has the
21 meaning provided in subsection (c) of Section 3A-50 of the
22 Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

23 (10 ILCS 5/9-8.5)

24 Sec. 9-8.5. Limitations on campaign contributions.

1 (a) It is unlawful for a political committee to accept
2 contributions except as provided in this Section.

3 (b) During an election cycle, a candidate political
4 committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value
5 over the following: (i) \$5,000 from any individual, (ii)
6 \$10,000 from any corporation, labor organization, or
7 association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a candidate political
8 committee or political action committee. A candidate political
9 committee may accept contributions in any amount from a
10 political party committee except during an election cycle in
11 which the candidate seeks nomination at a primary election.
12 During an election cycle in which the candidate seeks
13 nomination at a primary election, a candidate political
14 committee may not accept contributions from political party
15 committees with an aggregate value over the following: (i)
16 \$200,000 for a candidate political committee established to
17 support a candidate seeking nomination to statewide office,
18 (ii) \$125,000 for a candidate political committee established
19 to support a candidate seeking nomination to the Senate, the
20 Supreme Court or Appellate Court in the First Judicial
21 District, or an office elected by all voters in a county with
22 1,000,000 or more residents, (iii) \$75,000 for a candidate
23 political committee established to support a candidate seeking
24 nomination to the House of Representatives, the Supreme Court
25 or Appellate Court for a Judicial District other than the
26 First Judicial District, an office elected by all voters of a

1 county of fewer than 1,000,000 residents, and municipal and
2 county offices in Cook County other than those elected by all
3 voters of Cook County, and (iv) \$50,000 for a candidate
4 political committee established to support the nomination of a
5 candidate to any other office. A candidate political committee
6 established to elect a candidate to the General Assembly may
7 accept contributions from only one legislative caucus
8 committee. A candidate political committee may not accept
9 contributions from a ballot initiative committee or from an
10 independent expenditure committee.

11 (c) During an election cycle, a political party committee
12 may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the
13 following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from
14 any corporation, labor organization, or association, or (iii)
15 \$50,000 from a political action committee. A political party
16 committee may accept contributions in any amount from another
17 political party committee or a candidate political committee,
18 except as provided in subsection (c-5). Nothing in this
19 Section shall limit the amounts that may be transferred
20 between a political party committee established under
21 subsection (a) of Section 7-8 of this Code and an affiliated
22 federal political committee established under the Federal
23 Election Code by the same political party. A political party
24 committee may not accept contributions from a ballot
25 initiative committee or from an independent expenditure
26 committee. A political party committee established by a

1 legislative caucus may not accept contributions from another
2 political party committee established by a legislative caucus.

3 (c-5) During the period beginning on the date candidates
4 may begin circulating petitions for a primary election and
5 ending on the day of the primary election, a political party
6 committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value
7 over \$50,000 from a candidate political committee or political
8 party committee. A political party committee may accept
9 contributions in any amount from a candidate political
10 committee or political party committee if the political party
11 committee receiving the contribution filed a statement of
12 nonparticipation in the primary as provided in subsection
13 (c-10). The Task Force on Campaign Finance Reform shall study
14 and make recommendations on the provisions of this subsection
15 to the Governor and General Assembly by September 30, 2012.
16 This subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and
17 thereafter no longer applies.

18 (c-10) A political party committee that does not intend to
19 make contributions to candidates to be nominated at a general
20 primary election or consolidated primary election may file a
21 Statement of Nonparticipation in a Primary Election with the
22 Board. The Statement of Nonparticipation shall include a
23 verification signed by the chairperson and treasurer of the
24 committee that (i) the committee will not make contributions
25 or coordinated expenditures in support of or opposition to a
26 candidate or candidates to be nominated at the general primary

1 election or consolidated primary election (select one) to be
2 held on (insert date), (ii) the political party committee may
3 accept unlimited contributions from candidate political
4 committees and political party committees, provided that the
5 political party committee does not make contributions to a
6 candidate or candidates to be nominated at the primary
7 election, and (iii) failure to abide by these requirements
8 shall deem the political party committee in violation of this
9 Article and subject the committee to a fine of no more than
10 150% of the total contributions or coordinated expenditures
11 made by the committee in violation of this Article. This
12 subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and thereafter
13 no longer applies.

14 (d) During an election cycle, a political action committee
15 may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the
16 following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from
17 any corporation, labor organization, political party
18 committee, or association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a political
19 action committee or candidate political committee. A political
20 action committee may not accept contributions from a ballot
21 initiative committee or from an independent expenditure
22 committee.

23 (e) A ballot initiative committee may accept contributions
24 in any amount from any source, provided that the committee
25 files the document required by Section 9-3 of this Article and
26 files the disclosure reports required by the provisions of

1 this Article.

2 (e-5) An independent expenditure committee may accept
3 contributions in any amount from any source, provided that the
4 committee files the document required by Section 9-3 of this
5 Article and files the disclosure reports required by the
6 provisions of this Article.

7 (e-10) A limited activity committee shall not accept
8 contributions, except that the officer or a candidate the
9 committee has designated to support may contribute personal
10 funds in order to pay for maintenance expenses. A limited
11 activity committee may only make expenditures that are: (i)
12 necessary for maintenance of the committee; (ii) for rent or
13 lease payments until the end of the lease in effect at the time
14 the officer or candidate is confirmed by the Senate; (iii)
15 contributions to 501(c)(3) charities; or (iv) returning
16 contributions to original contributors.

17 (f) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a political
18 committee from dividing the proceeds of joint fundraising
19 efforts; provided that no political committee may receive more
20 than the limit from any one contributor, and provided that an
21 independent expenditure committee may not conduct joint
22 fundraising efforts with a candidate political committee or a
23 political party committee.

24 (g) On January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the State
25 Board of Elections shall adjust the amounts of the
26 contribution limitations established in this Section for

1 inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index for All
2 Urban Consumers as issued by the United States Department of
3 Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100. The State Board shall
4 publish this information on its official website.

5 (h) Self-funding candidates. If a public official, a
6 candidate, or the public official's or candidate's immediate
7 family contributes or loans to the public official's or
8 candidate's political committee or to other political
9 committees that transfer funds to the public official's or
10 candidate's political committee or makes independent
11 expenditures for the benefit of the public official's or
12 candidate's campaign during the 12 months prior to an election
13 in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for statewide
14 office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective offices, then
15 the public official or candidate shall file with the State
16 Board of Elections, within one day, a Notification of
17 Self-funding that shall detail each contribution or loan made
18 by the public official, the candidate, or the public
19 official's or candidate's immediate family. Within 2 business
20 days after the filing of a Notification of Self-funding, the
21 notification shall be posted on the Board's website and the
22 Board shall give official notice of the filing to each
23 candidate for the same office as the public official or
24 candidate making the filing, including the public official or
25 candidate filing the Notification of Self-funding. Notice
26 shall be sent via first class mail to the candidate and the

1 treasurer of the candidate's committee. Notice shall also be
2 sent by e-mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the
3 candidate's committee if the candidate and the treasurer, as
4 applicable, have provided the Board with an e-mail address.
5 Upon posting of the notice on the Board's website, all
6 candidates for that office, including the public official or
7 candidate who filed a Notification of Self-funding, shall be
8 permitted to accept contributions in excess of any
9 contribution limits imposed by subsection (b). If a public
10 official or candidate filed a Notification of Self-funding
11 during an election cycle that includes a general primary
12 election or consolidated primary election and that public
13 official or candidate is nominated, all candidates for that
14 office, including the nominee who filed the notification of
15 self-funding, shall be permitted to accept contributions in
16 excess of any contribution limit imposed by subsection (b) for
17 the subsequent election cycle. For the purposes of this
18 subsection, "immediate family" means the spouse, parent, or
19 child of a public official or candidate.

20 (h-5) If a natural person or independent expenditure
21 committee makes independent expenditures in support of or in
22 opposition to the campaign of a particular public official or
23 candidate in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for
24 statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective
25 offices in an election cycle, as reported in a written
26 disclosure filed under subsection (a) of Section 9-8.6 or

1 subsection (e-5) of Section 9-10, then the State Board of
2 Elections shall, within 2 business days after the filing of
3 the disclosure, post the disclosure on the Board's website and
4 give official notice of the disclosure to each candidate for
5 the same office as the public official or candidate for whose
6 benefit or detriment the natural person or independent
7 expenditure committee made independent expenditures. Upon
8 posting of the notice on the Board's website, all candidates
9 for that office in that election, including the public
10 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the
11 natural person or independent expenditure committee made
12 independent expenditures, shall be permitted to accept
13 contributions in excess of any contribution limits imposed by
14 subsection (b).

15 (h-10) If the State Board of Elections receives
16 notification or determines that a natural person or persons,
17 an independent expenditure committee or committees, or
18 combination thereof has made independent expenditures in
19 support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular
20 public official or candidate in an aggregate amount of more
21 than (i) \$250,000 for statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for
22 all other elective offices in an election cycle, then the
23 Board shall, within 2 business days after discovering the
24 independent expenditures that, in the aggregate, exceed the
25 threshold set forth in (i) and (ii) of this subsection, post
26 notice of this fact on the Board's website and give official

1 notice to each candidate for the same office as the public
2 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the
3 independent expenditures were made. Notice shall be sent via
4 first class mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the
5 candidate's committee. Notice shall also be sent by e-mail to
6 the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee
7 if the candidate and the treasurer, as applicable, have
8 provided the Board with an e-mail address. Upon posting of the
9 notice on the Board's website, all candidates of that office
10 in that election, including the public official or candidate
11 for whose benefit or detriment the independent expenditures
12 were made, may accept contributions in excess of any
13 contribution limits imposed by subsection (b).

14 (i) For the purposes of this Section, a corporation, labor
15 organization, association, or a political action committee
16 established by a corporation, labor organization, or
17 association may act as a conduit in facilitating the delivery
18 to a political action committee of contributions made through
19 dues, levies, or similar assessments and the political action
20 committee may report the contributions in the aggregate,
21 provided that: (i) contributions made through dues, levies, or
22 similar assessments paid by any natural person, corporation,
23 labor organization, or association in a calendar year may not
24 exceed the limits set forth in this Section; (ii) the
25 corporation, labor organization, association, or a political
26 action committee established by a corporation, labor

1 organization, or association facilitating the delivery of
2 contributions maintains a list of natural persons,
3 corporations, labor organizations, and associations that paid
4 the dues, levies, or similar assessments from which the
5 contributions comprising the aggregate amount derive; and
6 (iii) contributions made through dues, levies, or similar
7 assessments paid by any natural person, corporation, labor
8 organization, or association that exceed \$500 in a quarterly
9 reporting period shall be itemized on the committee's
10 quarterly report and may not be reported in the aggregate. A
11 political action committee facilitating the delivery of
12 contributions or receiving contributions shall disclose the
13 amount of contributions made through dues delivered or
14 received and the name of the corporation, labor organization,
15 association, or political action committee delivering the
16 contributions, if applicable. On January 1 of each
17 odd-numbered year, the State Board of Elections shall adjust
18 the amounts of the contribution limitations established in
19 this subsection for inflation as determined by the Consumer
20 Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United
21 States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100.
22 The State Board shall publish this information on its official
23 website.

24 (j) A political committee that receives a contribution or
25 transfer in violation of this Section shall dispose of the
26 contribution or transfer by returning the contribution or

1 transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or transfer,
2 to the contributor or transferor or donating the contribution
3 or transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or
4 transfer, to a charity. A contribution or transfer received in
5 violation of this Section that is not disposed of as provided
6 in this subsection within 30 days after the Board sends
7 notification to the political committee of the excess
8 contribution by certified mail shall escheat to the General
9 Revenue Fund and the political committee shall be deemed in
10 violation of this Section and subject to a civil penalty not to
11 exceed 150% of the total amount of the contribution.

12 (k) For the purposes of this Section, "statewide office"
13 means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General,
14 Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.

15 (l) This Section is repealed if and when the United States
16 Supreme Court invalidates contribution limits on committees
17 formed to assist candidates, political parties, corporations,
18 associations, or labor organizations established by or
19 pursuant to federal law.

20 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)

21 Section 25. The General Assembly Compensation Act is
22 amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

23 (25 ILCS 115/1) (from Ch. 63, par. 14)

24 Sec. 1. Each member of the General Assembly shall receive

1 an annual salary of \$28,000 or as set by the Compensation
2 Review Board, whichever is greater. The following named
3 officers, committee chairmen and committee minority spokesmen
4 shall receive additional amounts per year for their services
5 as such officers, committee chairmen and committee minority
6 spokesmen respectively, as set by the Compensation Review
7 Board or, as follows, whichever is greater: Beginning the
8 second Wednesday in January 1989, the Speaker and the minority
9 leader of the House of Representatives and the President and
10 the minority leader of the Senate, \$16,000 each; the majority
11 leader in the House of Representatives \$13,500; 5 assistant
12 majority leaders and 5 assistant minority leaders in the
13 Senate, \$12,000 each; 6 assistant majority leaders and 6
14 assistant minority leaders in the House of Representatives,
15 \$10,500 each; 2 Deputy Majority leaders in the House of
16 Representatives \$11,500 each; and 2 Deputy Minority leaders in
17 the House of Representatives, \$11,500 each; the majority
18 caucus chairman and minority caucus chairman in the Senate,
19 \$12,000 each; and beginning the second Wednesday in January,
20 1989, the majority conference chairman and the minority
21 conference chairman in the House of Representatives, \$10,500
22 each; beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the
23 chairman and minority spokesman of each standing committee of
24 the Senate, except the Rules Committee, the Committee on
25 Committees, and the Committee on Assignment of Bills, \$6,000
26 each; and beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the

1 chairman and minority spokesman of each standing and select
2 committee of the House of Representatives, \$6,000 each; and
3 beginning fiscal year 2020, the majority leader in the Senate,
4 an amount equal to the majority leader in the House. A member
5 who serves in more than one position as an officer, committee
6 chairman, or committee minority spokesman shall receive only
7 one additional amount based on the position paying the highest
8 additional amount. Prior to the 103rd General Assembly, the
9 ~~The~~ compensation provided for in this Section to be paid per
10 year to members of the General Assembly, including the
11 additional sums payable per year to officers of the General
12 Assembly shall be paid in 12 equal monthly installments. The
13 first such installment is payable on January 31, 1977. All
14 subsequent equal monthly installments are payable on the last
15 working day of the month. Prior to the 103rd General Assembly,
16 a ~~A~~ member who has held office any part of a month is entitled
17 to compensation for an entire month.

18 Beginning with the 103rd General Assembly, the
19 compensation provided for in this Section to be paid per year
20 to members of the General Assembly, including additional sums
21 payable per year to officers of the General Assembly, shall be
22 paid bi-monthly. Members who resign before completing the
23 entire term in office shall be compensated on a prorated
24 basis. Members completing the term of a vacancy shall be
25 compensated on a prorated basis.

26 Mileage shall be paid at the rate of 20 cents per mile

1 before January 9, 1985, and at the mileage allowance rate in
2 effect under regulations promulgated pursuant to 5 U.S.C.
3 5707(b)(2) beginning January 9, 1985, for the number of actual
4 highway miles necessarily and conveniently traveled by the
5 most feasible route to be present upon convening of the
6 sessions of the General Assembly by such member in each and
7 every trip during each session in going to and returning from
8 the seat of government, to be computed by the Comptroller. A
9 member traveling by public transportation for such purposes,
10 however, shall be paid his actual cost of that transportation
11 instead of on the mileage rate if his cost of public
12 transportation exceeds the amount to which he would be
13 entitled on a mileage basis. No member may be paid, whether on
14 a mileage basis or for actual costs of public transportation,
15 for more than one such trip for each week the General Assembly
16 is actually in session. Each member shall also receive an
17 allowance of \$36 per day for lodging and meals while in
18 attendance at sessions of the General Assembly before January
19 9, 1985; beginning January 9, 1985, such food and lodging
20 allowance shall be equal to the amount per day permitted to be
21 deducted for such expenses under the Internal Revenue Code;
22 however, beginning May 31, 1995, no allowance for food and
23 lodging while in attendance at sessions is authorized for
24 periods of time after the last day in May of each calendar
25 year, except (i) if the General Assembly is convened in
26 special session by either the Governor or the presiding

1 officers of both houses, as provided by subsection (b) of
2 Section 5 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution or (ii) if
3 the General Assembly is convened to consider bills vetoed,
4 item vetoed, reduced, or returned with specific
5 recommendations for change by the Governor as provided in
6 Section 9 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution. For
7 fiscal year 2011 and for session days in fiscal years 2012,
8 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 only (i) the
9 allowance for lodging and meals is \$111 per day and (ii)
10 mileage for automobile travel shall be reimbursed at a rate of
11 \$0.39 per mile.

12 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
13 contrary, beginning in fiscal year 2012, travel reimbursement
14 for General Assembly members on non-session days shall be
15 calculated using the guidelines set forth by the Legislative
16 Travel Control Board, except that fiscal year 2012, 2013,
17 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 mileage reimbursement
18 is set at a rate of \$0.39 per mile.

19 If a member dies having received only a portion of the
20 amount payable as compensation, the unpaid balance shall be
21 paid to the surviving spouse of such member, or, if there be
22 none, to the estate of such member.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-25, eff. 7-26-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
24 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; revised 7-17-19.)

25 Section 30. The Lobbyist Registration Act is amended by

1 changing Sections 2, 3, 4.5, 4.7, 5, 6, 8, and 11.2 as follows:

2 (25 ILCS 170/2) (from Ch. 63, par. 172)

3 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
4 context otherwise requires:

5 (a) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
6 committee, association, corporation, or any other organization
7 or group of persons.

8 (b) "Expenditure" means a payment, distribution, loan,
9 advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and
10 includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not
11 legally enforceable, to make an expenditure, for the ultimate
12 purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or
13 administrative action, other than compensation as defined in
14 subsection (d).

15 (c) "Official" means:

16 (1) the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of
17 State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, and State
18 Comptroller;

19 (2) Chiefs of Staff for officials described in item
20 (1), the Deputy Governor, the Deputy Secretary of State,
21 the Deputy Attorney General, the Deputy Treasurer, and the
22 Deputy Comptroller;

23 (3) Cabinet members of any elected constitutional
24 officer, including Directors, Assistant Directors and
25 Chief Legal Counsel or General Counsel;

1 (4) Members of the General Assembly; ~~and~~

2 (5) Members of any board, commission, authority, or
3 task force of the State authorized or created by State law
4 or by executive order of the Governor; ~~and~~

5 (6) Mayors, presidents, aldermen, commissioners, and
6 trustees of a city, village, or town;

7 (7) County board members and countywide elected
8 officials;

9 (8) Township board members and township elected
10 officials; and

11 (9) Members of any board, commission, authority, or
12 task force created by a local ordinance or order of a mayor
13 or village or town president.

14 (d) "Compensation" means any money, thing of value or
15 financial benefits received or to be received in return for
16 services rendered or to be rendered, for lobbying or as a
17 consultant ~~as defined in subsection (e).~~

18 Monies paid to members of the General Assembly by the
19 State as remuneration for performance of their Constitutional
20 and statutory duties as members of the General Assembly shall
21 not constitute compensation as defined by this Act.

22 (e) "Lobby" and "lobbying" means to communicate, including
23 the soliciting of others to communicate, any communication
24 with an official of the executive or legislative branch of
25 State government as defined in subsection (c) for the ultimate
26 purpose of influencing any executive, legislative, or

1 administrative action at the State, municipal, county, or
2 township government level. Soliciting of others to communicate
3 shall not include (i) the making of a grant by an organization
4 recognized as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code made in accordance with Section 4945 and
6 the regulations thereunder or (ii) a communication by an
7 organization recognized as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3)
8 or 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code to the public or a
9 segment thereof or to its members to communicate with
10 legislators, executives, or administrators with respect to a
11 proposed action by the legislature, executive, or
12 administrator.

13 (f) "Influencing" means any communication, action,
14 reportable expenditure as prescribed in Section 6 or other
15 means used to promote, support, affect, modify, oppose or
16 delay any executive, legislative or administrative action or
17 to promote goodwill with officials as defined in subsection
18 (c).

19 (g) "Executive action" means the proposal, drafting,
20 development, consideration, amendment, adoption, approval,
21 promulgation, issuance, modification, rejection or
22 postponement by a State, municipal, county, or township
23 government entity of a rule, regulation, order, decision,
24 determination, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement
25 or other quasi-legislative or quasi-judicial action or
26 proceeding.

1 (h) "Legislative action" means the development, drafting,
2 introduction, consideration, modification, adoption,
3 rejection, review, enactment, or passage or defeat of any
4 bill, amendment, resolution, ordinance, report, nomination,
5 administrative rule or other matter by either house of the
6 General Assembly or a committee thereof, ~~or~~ by a legislator,
7 by the legislative body of a municipality, county, or
8 township, or by an alderman, trustee, or township board
9 member. Legislative action also means the action of the
10 Governor, mayor, or village or township board president, or
11 county executive in approving or vetoing any bill, ordinance,
12 or resolution or portion thereof, and the action of such
13 officials ~~the Governor~~ or any agency under their jurisdiction
14 in the development of a legislative proposal ~~for introduction~~
15 ~~in the legislature~~.

16 (i) "Administrative action" means the execution or
17 rejection of any rule, regulation, legislative rule, standard,
18 fee, rate, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement or
19 other delegated legislative or quasi-legislative action to be
20 taken or withheld by any executive agency, department, board
21 or commission of the State, municipal, county, or township.

22 (j) "Lobbyist" means any natural person who undertakes to
23 lobby State, municipal, county, or township government as
24 provided in subsection (e).

25 (k) "Lobbying entity" means any entity that hires,
26 retains, employs, or compensates a natural person to lobby

1 State, municipal, county, or township government as provided
2 in subsection (e).

3 (l) "Authorized agent" means the person designated by an
4 entity or lobbyist registered under this Act as the person
5 responsible for submission and retention of reports required
6 under this Act.

7 (m) "Client" means any person or entity that provides
8 compensation to a lobbyist to lobby State, municipal, county,
9 or township government as provided in subsection (e) of this
10 Section.

11 (n) "Client registrant" means a client who is required to
12 register under this Act.

13 (o) "Unit of local government" has the meaning ascribed to
14 it in Section 1 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution and
15 also includes school districts and community college
16 districts.

17 (p) "Consultant" means any natural person or entity who,
18 for compensation, provides advisory services, including but
19 not limited to, rendering opinions on or developing strategies
20 for lobbying or influencing, to a lobbyist or lobbying entity
21 for the ultimate purpose of influencing any executive,
22 legislative, or administrative action. "Consultant" does not
23 include (i) an employee of the lobbyist or lobbying entity or
24 (ii) an attorney or law firm providing legal services,
25 including drafting legislation or advising and rendering
26 opinions to clients as to the construction and legal effect of

1 proposed or pending legislation or any executive, legislative,
2 or administrative action.

3 (Source: P.A. 101-595, eff. 12-5-19.)

4 (25 ILCS 170/3) (from Ch. 63, par. 173)

5 Sec. 3. Persons required to register.

6 (a) Except as provided in Section 9, any natural person
7 who, for compensation or otherwise, undertakes to lobby, or
8 any person or entity who employs or compensates another person
9 for the purposes of lobbying, shall register with the
10 Secretary of State as provided in this Act, unless that person
11 or entity qualifies for one or more of the following
12 exemptions.

13 (1) Persons or entities who, for the purpose of
14 influencing any executive, legislative, or administrative
15 action and who do not make expenditures that are
16 reportable pursuant to Section 6, appear without
17 compensation or promise thereof only as witnesses before a
18 legislative committee ~~committees of the House and Senate~~
19 for the purpose of explaining or arguing for or against
20 the passage of or action upon any legislation, ordinance,
21 or regulation then pending before the committee ~~those~~
22 ~~committees~~, or who seek without compensation or promise
23 thereof the approval or veto of any legislation or
24 ordinance ~~by the Governor.~~

25 (1.4) A unit of local government, State government, or

1 agencies, departments, commissions, boards, or task forces
2 thereof ~~or a school district.~~

3 (1.5) An elected or appointed official or an employee
4 of a unit of local government ~~or school district~~ who, in
5 the scope of his or her public office or employment, seeks
6 to influence executive, legislative, or administrative
7 action exclusively on behalf of that unit of local
8 government ~~or school district.~~

9 (2) Persons or entities who own, publish, or are
10 employed by a newspaper or other regularly published
11 periodical, or who own or are employed by a radio station,
12 television station, or other bona fide news medium that in
13 the ordinary course of business disseminates news,
14 editorial or other comment, or paid advertisements that
15 directly urge the passage or defeat of legislation. This
16 exemption is not applicable to such an individual insofar
17 as he or she receives additional compensation or expenses
18 from some source other than the bona fide news medium for
19 the purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or
20 administrative action. This exemption does not apply to
21 newspapers and periodicals owned by or published by trade
22 associations and not-for-profit corporations engaged
23 primarily in endeavors other than dissemination of news.

24 (3) Persons or entities performing professional
25 services in drafting bills or in advising and rendering
26 opinions to clients as to the construction and effect of

1 proposed or pending legislation when those professional
2 services are not otherwise, directly or indirectly,
3 connected with executive, legislative, or administrative
4 action.

5 (4) Persons or entities who are employees of
6 departments, divisions, or agencies of State or local
7 government ~~and who appear before committees of the House~~
8 ~~and Senate~~ for the purpose of explaining how the
9 executive, legislative, or administrative action passage
10 ~~of or action upon any legislation then pending before~~
11 ~~those committees~~ will affect those departments, divisions,
12 or agencies of State or local government.

13 (5) Employees of the General Assembly, legislators,
14 legislative agencies, and legislative commissions who, in
15 the course of their official duties only, engage in
16 activities that otherwise qualify as lobbying. Legislators
17 whose activities are limited to occasional communications
18 with an official of a unit of local government on behalf of
19 their employer in the ordinary course of their non-public
20 employment where (1) the primary duties of the employment
21 are not to influence executive, legislative, or
22 administrative action and (2) the legislator does not make
23 any expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section
24 6.

25 (6) Persons or entities in possession of technical
26 skills and knowledge relevant to certain areas of

1 executive, legislative, or administrative actions, whose
2 skills and knowledge would be helpful to officials when
3 considering those actions, whose activities are limited to
4 making occasional appearances for or communicating on
5 behalf of a registrant, and who do not make expenditures
6 that are reportable pursuant to Section 6 even though
7 receiving expense reimbursement for those occasional
8 appearances.

9 (7) Any full-time employee of a bona fide church or
10 religious organization who represents that organization
11 solely for the purpose of protecting the right of the
12 members thereof to practice the religious doctrines of
13 that church or religious organization, or any such bona
14 fide church or religious organization.

15 (8) Persons or entities that receive no compensation
16 other than reimbursement for expenses of up to \$500 per
17 year while engaged in lobbying ~~State government~~, unless
18 those persons make expenditures that are reportable under
19 Section 6.

20 (9) Any attorney or group or firm of attorneys (1) in
21 connection with the practice of law or (2) in the course of
22 representing a client in relation to any administrative,
23 ~~or~~ judicial, quasi-judicial proceeding, or any witness
24 providing testimony in any administrative, ~~or~~ judicial, or
25 quasi-judicial proceeding, ~~in which ex parte~~
26 ~~communications are not allowed~~ and who does not make

1 expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section 6.

2 (9.5) Any attorney or group or firm of attorneys in
3 the course of representing a client in an administrative
4 or executive action involving a contractual or purchasing
5 arrangement and who does not make expenditures that are
6 reportable pursuant to Section 6.

7 (10) Persons or entities who, in the scope of their
8 employment as a vendor, offer or solicit an official for
9 the purchase of any goods or services when (1) the
10 solicitation is limited to either an oral inquiry or
11 written advertisements and informative literature; or (2)
12 the goods and services are subject to competitive bidding
13 requirements ~~of the Illinois Procurement Code~~; or (3) the
14 goods and services are for sale at a cost not to exceed
15 \$5,000; and (4) the persons or entities do not make
16 expenditures that are reportable under Section 6.

17 (a-5) If, in the course of providing services as a
18 consultant, the consultant communicates with an official on
19 behalf of the lobbyist or lobbying entity for the ultimate
20 purpose of influencing any executive, legislative, or
21 administrative action, or makes an expenditure on behalf of or
22 benefiting an official, the consultant shall register as a
23 lobbyist within 2 business days of engaging in the
24 communication with the official or making the expenditure
25 benefiting the official.

26 (b) It is a violation of this Act to engage in lobbying or

1 to employ any person for the purpose of lobbying who is not
2 registered with the Office of the Secretary of State, except
3 upon condition that the person register and the person does in
4 fact register within 2 business days after being employed or
5 retained for lobbying services.

6 (c) The Secretary shall promulgate a rule establishing a
7 list of the entities required to register under this Act,
8 including the name of each board, commission, authority, or
9 task force. The Secretary may require a person or entity
10 claiming an exemption under this Section to certify the person
11 or entity is not required to register under this Act. Nothing
12 prohibits the Secretary from rejecting a certification and
13 requiring a person or entity to register.

14 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1358, eff. 7-28-10.)

15 (25 ILCS 170/4.5)

16 Sec. 4.5. Ethics training. Each natural person required to
17 register as a lobbyist under this Act must complete a program
18 of ethics training provided by the Secretary of State. A
19 natural person registered under this Act must complete the
20 training program before ~~no later than 30 days after~~
21 registration or renewal is deemed complete under this Act. If
22 the Secretary of State uses the ethics training developed in
23 accordance with Section 5-10 of the State Officials and
24 Employees Ethics Act, that training must be expanded to
25 include appropriate information about the requirements,

1 responsibilities, and opportunities imposed by or arising
2 under this Act, including reporting requirements.

3 The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the
4 implementation of this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1358, eff. 7-28-10.)

6 (25 ILCS 170/4.7)

7 Sec. 4.7. Prohibition on sexual harassment.

8 (a) All persons have the right to work in an environment
9 free from sexual harassment. All persons subject to this Act
10 shall refrain from sexual harassment of any person.

11 (b) (Blank). ~~Until January 1, 2020, each natural person~~
12 ~~required to register as a lobbyist under this Act must~~
13 ~~complete, at least annually, a sexual harassment training~~
14 ~~program provided by the Secretary of State. A natural person~~
15 ~~registered under this Act must complete the training program~~
16 ~~no later than 30 days after registration or renewal under this~~
17 ~~Act. This requirement does not apply to a lobbying entity or a~~
18 ~~client that hires a lobbyist that (i) does not have employees~~
19 ~~of the lobbying entity or client registered as lobbyists, or~~
20 ~~(ii) does not have an actual presence in Illinois.~~

21 (b-5) Each ~~Beginning January 1, 2020, each~~ natural person
22 required to register as a lobbyist under this Act must
23 complete, at least annually, a harassment and discrimination
24 prevention training program provided by the Secretary of
25 State. A natural person registered under this Act must

1 complete the training program before ~~no later than 30 days~~
2 ~~after~~ registration or renewal is deemed complete under this
3 Act. This requirement does not apply to a lobbying entity or a
4 client that hires a lobbyist that (i) does not have employees
5 of the lobbying entity or client registered as lobbyists, or
6 (ii) does not have an actual presence in Illinois. For the
7 purposes of this subsection, "unlawful discrimination" and
8 "harassment" mean unlawful discrimination and harassment
9 prohibited under Section 2-102 of the Illinois Human Rights
10 Act.

11 (c) Before registration or renewal is deemed complete
12 under this Act ~~No later than January 1, 2018~~, each natural
13 person and any entity required to register under this Act
14 shall have a written sexual harassment policy that shall
15 include, at a minimum: (i) a prohibition on sexual harassment;
16 (ii) details on how an individual can report an allegation of
17 sexual harassment, including options for making a confidential
18 report to a supervisor, ethics officer, Inspector General, or
19 the Department of Human Rights; (iii) a prohibition on
20 retaliation for reporting sexual harassment allegations,
21 including availability of whistleblower protections under the
22 State Officials and Employee Ethics Act, the Whistleblower
23 Act, and the Illinois Human Rights Act; and (iv) the
24 consequences of a violation of the prohibition on sexual
25 harassment and the consequences for knowingly making a false
26 report.

1 (d) For purposes of this Act, "sexual harassment" means
2 any unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or
3 any conduct of a sexual nature when: (i) submission to such
4 conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or
5 condition of an individual's employment; (ii) submission to or
6 rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis
7 for employment decisions affecting such individual; or (iii)
8 such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially
9 interfering with an individual's work performance or creating
10 an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.
11 For the purposes of this definition, the phrase "working
12 environment" is not limited to a physical location an employee
13 is assigned to perform his or her duties and does not require
14 an employment relationship.

15 (e) The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the
16 implementation of this Section. In order to provide for the
17 expeditious and timely implementation of this Section, the
18 Secretary of State shall adopt emergency rules under
19 subsection (z) of Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative
20 Procedure Act for the implementation of this Section no later
21 than 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
22 the 100th General Assembly.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)

24 (25 ILCS 170/5)

25 Sec. 5. Lobbyist registration and disclosure. Every

1 natural person and every entity required to register under
2 this Act shall before any service is performed which requires
3 the natural person or entity to register, but in any event not
4 later than 2 business days after being employed or retained,
5 file in the Office of the Secretary of State a statement in a
6 format prescribed by the Secretary of State containing the
7 following information with respect to each person or entity
8 employing, retaining, or benefitting from the services of the
9 natural person or entity required to register:

10 (a) The registrant's name, permanent address, e-mail
11 address, if any, fax number, if any, business telephone
12 number, and temporary address, if the registrant has a
13 temporary address while lobbying.

14 (a-5) If the registrant is an entity, the information
15 required under subsection (a) for each natural person
16 associated with the registrant who will be lobbying,
17 regardless of whether lobbying is a significant part of
18 his or her duties.

19 (b) The name and address of the client or clients
20 employing or retaining the registrant to perform such
21 services or on whose behalf the registrant appears. If the
22 client employing or retaining the registrant is a client
23 registrant, the statement shall also include the name and
24 address of the client or clients of the client registrant
25 on whose behalf the registrant will be or anticipates
26 performing services.

1 (b-5) If the registrant employs or retains a
2 sub-registrant, the statement shall include the name and
3 address of the sub-registrant and identify the client or
4 clients of the registrant on whose behalf the
5 sub-registrant will be or is anticipated to be performing
6 services.

7 (b-7) If the registrant retains a consultant, the
8 statement shall include the name and address of the
9 consultant and identify the client or clients and each
10 executive and legislative branch agency for which the
11 consultant is to provide advisory services.

12 (c) For those identified under subsections (b), (b-5),
13 and (b-7), a ~~A~~ brief description of the executive,
14 legislative, or administrative action in reference to
15 which such service is to be rendered.

16 (c-5) Each executive and legislative branch agency of
17 the State and each unit of local government the registrant
18 expects to lobby during the registration period.

19 (c-6) The nature of the client's business, by
20 indicating all of the following categories that apply: (1)
21 banking and financial services, (2) manufacturing, (3)
22 education, (4) environment, (5) healthcare, (6) insurance,
23 (7) community interests, (8) labor, (9) public relations
24 or advertising, (10) marketing or sales, (11) hospitality,
25 (12) engineering, (13) information or technology products
26 or services, (14) social services, (15) public utilities,

1 (16) racing or wagering, (17) real estate or construction,
2 (18) telecommunications, (19) trade or professional
3 association, (20) travel or tourism, (21) transportation,
4 (22) agriculture, and (23) other (setting forth the nature
5 of that other business).

6 (d) A confirmation that the registrant has a sexual
7 harassment policy as required by Section 4.7, that such
8 policy shall be made available to any individual within 2
9 business days upon written request (including electronic
10 requests), that any person may contact the authorized
11 agent of the registrant to report allegations of sexual
12 harassment, and that the registrant recognizes the
13 Inspector General has jurisdiction to review any
14 allegations of sexual harassment alleged against the
15 registrant or lobbyists hired by the registrant.

16 (e) (Blank). ~~Each unit of local government in this~~
17 ~~State for which the registrant is or expects to be~~
18 ~~required to register to lobby the local government during~~
19 ~~the registration period. "Lobby" shall have the meaning~~
20 ~~ascribed to it by the relevant unit of local government.~~

21 (f) Each elected or appointed public office in this
22 State to be held by the registrant at any time during the
23 registration period.

24 Every natural person and every entity required to register
25 under this Act shall annually submit the registration required
26 by this Section on or before each January 31. The registrant

1 has a continuing duty to report any substantial change or
2 addition to the information contained in the registration. A
3 registrant who retains a consultant shall file an amended
4 registration before any consulting services are performed, but
5 in any event not later than 2 business days after the
6 consultant is retained, setting forth the information required
7 in subsections (b-7) and (c) of this Section. ~~Registrants~~
8 ~~registered as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of~~
9 ~~the 101st General Assembly shall update their registration to~~
10 ~~add the information required under subsections (b 5), (c), and~~
11 ~~(f), if applicable, within 30 days after the effective date of~~
12 ~~this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.~~

13 The Secretary of State shall make all filed statements and
14 amendments to statements publicly available by means of a
15 searchable database that is accessible through the World Wide
16 Web. The Secretary of State shall provide all software
17 necessary to comply with this provision to all natural persons
18 and entities required to file. The Secretary of State shall
19 implement a plan to provide computer access and assistance to
20 natural persons and entities required to file electronically.

21 All natural persons and entities required to register
22 under this Act shall remit a single, annual, and nonrefundable
23 \$300 registration fee. Each natural person required to
24 register under this Act shall submit, on an annual basis, a
25 picture of the registrant. A registrant may, in lieu of
26 submitting a picture on an annual basis, authorize the

1 Secretary of State to use any photo identification available
2 in any database maintained by the Secretary of State for other
3 purposes. Each registration fee collected for registrations ~~on~~
4 ~~or after January 1, 2010~~ shall be deposited into the Lobbyist
5 Registration Administration Fund for administration and
6 enforcement of this Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 101-595, eff. 12-5-19.)

8 (25 ILCS 170/6) (from Ch. 63, par. 176)

9 Sec. 6. Reports.

10 (a) Lobbyist reports. Except as otherwise provided in this
11 Section, every lobbyist registered under this Act who is
12 solely employed by a lobbying entity shall file an
13 affirmation, verified under oath pursuant to Section 1-109 of
14 the Code of Civil Procedure, with the Secretary of State
15 attesting to the accuracy of any reports filed pursuant to
16 subsection (b) as those reports pertain to work performed by
17 the lobbyist. Any lobbyist registered under this Act who is
18 not solely employed by a lobbying entity shall personally file
19 reports required of lobbying entities pursuant to subsection
20 (b). A lobbyist may, if authorized so to do by a lobbying
21 entity by whom he or she is employed or retained, file lobbying
22 entity reports pursuant to subsection (b) provided that the
23 lobbying entity may delegate the filing of the lobbying entity
24 report to only one lobbyist in any reporting period.

25 (b) Lobbying entity reports. Every lobbying entity

1 registered under this Act shall report expenditures related to
2 lobbying, including any expenditures made by a consultant in
3 performing services for the lobbying entity. The report shall
4 itemize each individual expenditure or transaction and shall
5 include the name of the official on whose behalf the
6 expenditure was made, the name of the client if the
7 expenditure was made on behalf of a client, the total amount of
8 the expenditure, a description of the expenditure, the vendor
9 or purveyor to whom the expenditure was made (including the
10 address or location of the expenditure), the date on which the
11 expenditure occurred and the subject matter of the lobbying
12 activity, if any. For those expenditures made on behalf of a
13 client, if the client is a client registrant, the report shall
14 also include the name and address of the client or clients of
15 the client registrant or the official or officials on whose
16 behalf the expenditure ultimately was made. Each expenditure
17 required to be reported shall include all expenses made for or
18 on behalf of an official or his or her immediate family member
19 living with the official.

20 (b-1) The report shall include any change or addition to
21 the client list information, required in Section 5 for
22 registration, since the last report, including the names and
23 addresses of all clients who retained the lobbying entity
24 together with an itemized description for each client of the
25 following: (1) lobbying regarding executive action, including
26 the name of any executive agency lobbied and the subject

1 matter; (2) lobbying regarding legislative action, including
2 the General Assembly and any other agencies lobbied and the
3 subject matter; and (3) lobbying regarding administrative
4 action, including the agency lobbied and the subject matter.
5 Registrants who made no reportable expenditures during a
6 reporting period shall file a report stating that no
7 expenditures were incurred.

8 (b-2) Expenditures attributable to lobbying officials
9 shall be listed and reported according to the following
10 categories:

11 (1) Travel and lodging on behalf of others, including,
12 but not limited to, all travel and living accommodations
13 made for or on behalf of State officials during sessions
14 of the General Assembly.

15 (2) Meals, beverages and other entertainment.

16 (3) Gifts (indicating which, if any, are on the basis
17 of personal friendship).

18 (4) Honoraria.

19 (5) Any other thing or service of value not listed
20 under categories (1) through (4), setting forth a
21 description of the expenditure. The category travel and
22 lodging includes, but is not limited to, all travel and
23 living accommodations made for or on behalf of State
24 officials in the State capital during sessions of the
25 General Assembly.

26 (b-3) Expenditures incurred for hosting receptions,

1 benefits and other large gatherings held for purposes of
2 goodwill or otherwise to influence executive, legislative or
3 administrative action to which there are 25 or more State
4 officials invited shall be reported listing only the total
5 amount of the expenditure, the date of the event, and the
6 estimated number of officials in attendance.

7 (b-7) Matters excluded from reports. The following items
8 need not be included in the report:

9 (1) Reasonable and bona fide expenditures made by the
10 registrant who is a member of a legislative or State study
11 commission or committee while attending and participating
12 in meetings and hearings of such commission or committee.

13 (2) Reasonable and bona fide expenditures made by the
14 registrant for personal sustenance, lodging, travel,
15 office expenses and clerical or support staff.

16 (3) Salaries, fees, and other compensation paid to the
17 registrant for the purposes of lobbying.

18 (4) Any contributions required to be reported under
19 Article 9 of the Election Code.

20 (5) Expenditures made by a registrant on behalf of an
21 official that are returned or reimbursed prior to the
22 deadline for submission of the report.

23 (c) A registrant who terminates employment or duties which
24 required him to register under this Act shall give the
25 Secretary of State, within 30 days after the date of such
26 termination, written notice of such termination and shall

1 include therewith a report of the expenditures described
2 herein, covering the period of time since the filing of his
3 last report to the date of termination of employment. Such
4 notice and report shall be final and relieve such registrant
5 of further reporting under this Act, unless and until he later
6 takes employment or assumes duties requiring him to again
7 register under this Act.

8 (d) Failure to file any such report within the time
9 designated or the reporting of incomplete information shall
10 constitute a violation of this Act.

11 A registrant shall preserve for a period of 2 years all
12 receipts and records used in preparing reports under this Act.

13 (e) Within 30 days after a filing deadline or as provided
14 by rule, the lobbyist shall notify each official on whose
15 behalf an expenditure has been reported. Notification shall
16 include the name of the registrant, the total amount of the
17 expenditure, a description of the expenditure, the date on
18 which the expenditure occurred, and the subject matter of the
19 lobbying activity.

20 (f) A report for the period beginning January 1, 2010 and
21 ending on June 30, 2010 shall be filed no later than July 15,
22 2010, and a report for the period beginning July 1, 2010 and
23 ending on December 31, 2010 shall be filed no later than
24 January 15, 2011. Beginning January 1, 2011, reports shall be
25 filed semi-monthly as follows: (i) for the period beginning
26 the first day of the month through the 15th day of the month,

1 the report shall be filed no later than the 20th day of the
2 month and (ii) for the period beginning on the 16th day of the
3 month through the last day of the month, the report shall be
4 filed no later than the 5th day of the following month. A
5 report filed under this Act is due in the Office of the
6 Secretary of State no later than the close of business on the
7 date on which it is required to be filed.

8 (g) All reports filed under this Act shall be filed in a
9 format or on forms prescribed by the Secretary of State.

10 (Source: P.A. 98-459, eff. 1-1-14.)

11 (25 ILCS 170/8) (from Ch. 63, par. 178)

12 Sec. 8. Contingent fees prohibited. No person shall retain
13 or employ another to lobby or provide services as a consultant
14 with respect to any legislative, executive, or administrative
15 action for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon
16 the outcome of the action and no person shall accept any such
17 employment or render any such service for compensation
18 contingent upon the outcome of the legislative, executive, or
19 administrative action.

20 (Source: P.A. 93-889, eff. 8-9-04.)

21 (25 ILCS 170/11.2)

22 Sec. 11.2. Preemption ~~Local regulation.~~ Other than a
23 municipality with a population over 500,000, no unit of local
24 government, including a home rule unit, may regulate lobbying

1 in a manner inconsistent with this Act, and all existing laws
2 and ordinances that are inconsistent with this Act are hereby
3 superseded. This Section is a limitation of home rule powers
4 under subsections (h) and (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of
5 the Illinois Constitution. A unit of local government or
6 school district may adopt an ordinance or resolution
7 regulating lobbying activities with that unit of local
8 government or school district that imposes requirements
9 similar to those imposed by this Act.

10 (Source: P.A. 88-187.)

11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
12 1, 2022.